THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantitv

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper n North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.



SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
☽	☽	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31	☽	☽

Port Almanac—October 9

Sun Rises	6 03 A M
Sun Sets	5 34 P M
Day's Length	11 h 14 m
High Water at Southport	11.15 A M
High Water at Wilmington	1 03 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE.
WEATHER BUREAU.
WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 9

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 68°; 8 p. m., 60°; maximum, 80°; minimum, 69°; mean 70°.

Rainfall for the day T; rainfall for the month up to date, T.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, fair; northerly winds; frost in interior; colder in Southern portion.

OUTLINES

Papers have been issued for the arrest of the persons engaged in the effort to bring off the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight. —— Gen. Wm. Mahone died in Washington yesterday at 1 o'clock; his funeral will take place in Petersburg, Va., to-day. —— In the Episcopal House of Deputies, in session in Minneapolis, Minn., the committee made an unfavorable report on the proposed amendment to the constitution. ——The Temple Cup was won by the Cleveland Base Ball team. —— At Atlanta the Liberty Bell was given a most enthusiastic greeting; the National Council of Women got fairly down to business and several papers on different subjects were read; on the complaint of two Atlanta laundrymen, the Chinese village was pulled, the concessionaries being charged with importing Chinese girls for immoral purposes. —— President Debs of the American Railway Union, has issued a circular to local unions in regard to secret organization. —— President Cleveland declined the escort of a New Haven, Conn., military company on the occasion of his visit to the Atlanta Exposition. —— Henry Smith, a stockman near Brooksville, Fla., was killed by neighbors for cattle-stealing ——Floods in Cuba destroyed railroad bridges and did other damage. —— New York markets: Money on call firm at 2@3 per cent.; cotton dull—middling gulf 9⅜c; middling 9¼c; Southern flour quoted quiet—common to fair extra $3.10@3.80; good to choice $3.90@3.30; wheat—spot dull and firmer—No. 2 red in store and at elevator 66¼c; afloat 66¾c; corn—spot quiet and steady; No 2 at elevator 37c; afloat 38c; spirits turpentine dull but steadv at 28@28½c; rosin quiet and steady—strained common to good $1.47½@1.52½.

There doesn't seem to be a surplus of marital bliss in Ohio, which comes to the front this year with a record of 5,546 applications for divorce.

The beet sugar crop of Europe is said to be short about 1,200,000 tons. The estimated shortage previous to the last figuring was 700,000 tons.

It is predicted that if the war in Cuba be continued much longer there will be a famine. The Spanish troops in the interior now have to march on short rations.

The pineapple industry is growing on the East Coast of Florida, where the crop this year, notwithstanding the freezes of last Winter, is reported twice as large as the ordinary crop.

The New York *Sun* wants both of the national political conventions held in New York city next year. The *Sun* doesn't want the earth exactly, but it is never backward in asking for what it does want.

Baron Rothschilds is quoted as saying that there will be better opportnnities for making money in the United States for the next five years than in any other part of the world. The Baron should come South.

Spain must be pretty hard run for soldiers to send to Cuba when she is raiding the Canary islands and pressing all the men she can grab. When a steamer heaves in sight the men scoot for the woods,

Mr. Westinghouse, the electrician and inventor, says he has discovered a very simple method of generating electricity direct from coal, which dispenses with steam and is, if true, a very important discovery.

Mrs. Mary Coffey, aged 104, of the County Kerry, Ireland, arrived in New York a few days ago, accompanied by her only child, aged 60. Mrs. Coffey is a widow. When asked why she came to this country her eye twinkled and she replied that as she was tired living single she thought her chances of getting another husband better in this country than in the ould dart.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVII.—NO. 15. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,874

Every day brings something about Mr. Harrison's attitude on the Presidential nomination question. The last is that he is not in the race, as far as "seeking" the nomination is concerned. We have yet to learn of the first real or prospective candidate who will admit that he is "seeking" the nomination. They are all sitting down, keeping their eyes peeled, and waiting for it to come to them.

The estate of the late Jay Gould is appraised at $83,000,000, only $2,000,000 of which is in real estate, the remainder being in stocks, bonds, personal property, etc. That's a good way to dodge taxation. During his life time Jay paid taxes on $300,000 worth of property, and when it was increased to $500,000 he kicked like a mule and complained of injustice.

Li Hung Chang is said to be working on a grand scheme of administration reorganization for China. He and the Empress Dowager, who are close chums, are pulling together. One of the first moves will be to move the capital further into the interior, where it couldn't be so easily gobbled up by an enemy in case of war. Li's head is level on that.

People were under the impression that they knew when to eat soup until a French soupologist bobbed up and announced that it was all wrong to eat it at the beginning of the meal, but that it should be reserved for the last. He says it is too much of a strain on the stomach to fill up on soup and then try to pack in a solid meal on top of that.

China played it slick on John Bull when he demanded the degradation of Viceroy Cze Chuen. She complied formally with the demand at once. John felt somewhat sold when he learned that Chuen had been officially decapitated about a year ago.

Yung Wing, who has been appointed by the Emperor director of a railroad between Pekin and Chien Kiang, is not so young as his name indicates. He is 68 and graduated at Harvard University about forty years ago.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. L. GORE—Mullets.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

LOST—Pug dog.
CLERK—Position wanted.
WANTED—Carriage smith, etc.
JOHNSON & FORE—Grand opening.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Dr. Thompson, of Chadbourn, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. E. J. Powers and family returned yesterday from Lincolnton,

— Mr. Lee Simpson, of Point Caswell, was in the city yesterday visiting friends.

— Mr. Jno. E. Vogel, business representative of Billy Van's Big Minstrels, is in the city making arrangements for the appearance of the troupe here next Monday night the 14th inst.

— Messrs. Chas. Butters, Hub; L. C Tilley, Jacksonville; Arthur White, Mebane; Thos. S. Rucker, Winston; Ed. Bull, Newbern; G. A. Powell, Fair Bluff; Julius Duncan, Kinston: J. P. Overbaugh, Fayetteville; N. A. Currie, Charleston, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

APPOINTMENTS.

Wilmington District, W. S. Rone, P. E.

Wilmington, Fifth Street church, Oct 13th and 14th.
Onslow mission, Verona, Oct 17th.
Onslow circuit, Queen's Creek, Oct 19th and 20th.
Elizabeth circuit, Elizabethtown, Oct 26th and 27th.
Columbus circuit, Cerro Gordo, Nov 2.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Fair Bluff, Nov 2d and 3d.
Kenansville circuit, Charity, Nov 9th and 10th.
Magnolia circuit, Providence, Nov 10th and 11th.
Canon Creek circuit, Shiloh, Nov 16th and 17th.
Waccamaw circuit, Old Dock, Nov 19th.
Brunswick circuit, Macedonia, Nov 23rd and 24th.
Southport Station, night, Nov 24th.
Clinton circuit, Clinton, Nov 30th and Dec 1st.
Bladen circuit, Windsor, Dec 7th and 8th.
Wilmington, Bladen Street, night, Dec 8th.

Deep Water from Wilmington to Sea.

The British steamship *Jeanara*, which cleared at this port last Saturday for Bremen, Germany, with 11,125 bales of cotton, went from her wharf at the Champion Compress direct to sea, without stop or hindrance of any kind, and she drew eighteen and a half feet water,

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR's want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR's want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

Sixth Annual Fair.

The Sixth Annual Fair of the Border Exposition of the Carolinas will be held at Maxton, N. C., Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Oct. 30th and 31st and Nov. 1st. Send for Premium List.

W. B. HARKER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

LOCAL DOTS

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast for to-day: Fair; cooler; brisk northwesterly winds.

— The Adrian hose wagon broke down at the fire last night, in making a short turn.

— Steamboatmen report a rise of two inches in the river at Fayetteville yesterday, making about 15 inches, with the slight rise the day before.

— Messrs. Johnson & Fore's store, No. 111 Market street, will be closed to-day at 1 p. m., to prepare for the opening at 8 o'clock in the evening.

— The fire about seven o'clock last night was in an outhouse on premises on Red Cross near Second street. The damage was slight.

— The Junior Branch of the Westminster League will meet in the Primary Room of the First Presbyterian church this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

— There will be a practice game of foot-ball by the Wilmington Foot-ball team to-night at 8 o'clock on the grounds in rear of the W. L. I. armory.

— Miss W. Frances Stevens was married last evening at 8 o'clock to Mr. B. McD. Russell, by Rev. F. W. Skinner, at the rectory of St. Paul's church. Miss Katie McKellar was bridesmaid.

— On account of the small attendance yesterday of the Helping Hand Committee, another meeting will be held this afternoon in the First Presbyterian church parlors at 4 o'clock. All invited to be present.

— Mr. F. J. Dempsey, who is one of our best truck farmers, left at the STAR office, yesterday, a sample of his Fall crop of Irish potatoes. On one vine there are six large, fully developed potatoes and four smaller ones. Mr. Dempsey's Fall crop is mainly for seed, but as it will probably yield fifty barrels this year he will have a surplus. He plants the potato known as "Lee's Favorite."

Opera House To-night.

Effie Ellsler, Frank Weston, John A. Ellsler and a large company of Shakspearian actors will at the Opera House to-night present the great bard's grand pastoral comedy "As You Like It." To see Miss Ellsler in Shakspearian roles will be new to many. Everybody has seen and admired her in emotional parts. For years she made herself beloved and esteemed for the beautiful creation of Hazel Kirk, but long before this "Our Effie" played Juliet, Rosalind, Puck and Hermin and was quoted as a revelation of high comedy. She comes of a family of players who believe the theatre to be a temple of art and from her girlhood was trained in blank verse. Her father, John A. Ellsler, was for many years manager and leading actor of famous stock companies. This gentleman is now a member of his daughter's support, and as stage director will materially assist in a perfect *ensemble* of the beautiful works to be presented. This engagement will be appreciated by the elite and lovers of the legitimate drama.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—491 bales cotton.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—1,843 bales cotton, 21 casks spirits turpentine, 90 bbls rosin, 22 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—240 bales cotton, 47 casks spirits turpentine, 17 bbls rosin, 65 bbls tar.

Schooner William—5 bales cotton, 30 casks spirits turpentine, 155 bbls rosin, 20 bbls tar.

Steamer Lisbon—18 casks spirits turpentine, 42 bbls rosin, 4 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 2,736 bales; spirits turpentine, 196 casks; rosin, 453 bbls; tar, 149 bbls; crude turpentine, 4 bbls.

Cotton Notes.

Receipts here yesterday 2,736 bales; same day last year 1,502.

Spot cotton closed dull in New York at 9⅛c for middling; firm in Wilmington at 8⅝c. Quotations same day last year, 5¾c.

New York futures closed steady and 2 points lower than closing quotations Monday.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

A Handsome Pleasure Yacht.

The *Dungeness*, a handsome steam pleasure yacht, the property of Mrs. Lucy Carnegie, of New York, arrived here yesterday morning for coal and provisions, en route from the North to Mrs. Carnegie's winter residence on one of the small islands off the coast of Georgia. The yacht left early in the afternoon on her voyage.

City Court.

Gilbert Telfair, colored, was before Mayor Fishblate yesterday, charged with being drunk and disorderly; two cases. Telfair was found guilty and sentenced in each case to pay a fine of $20.

J. W. McClammy, colored, disorderly, was sentenced to pay a fine of $20 or work thirty days on the streets.

Runaway on Front Street.

A horse ran away with a wagon load of lumber on South Front street near Market yesterday. The driver, a small colored boy named Tom Jenkins, was thrown out with some of the lumber and was slightly bruised by a piece of scantling falling upon him. The wagon was smashed by coming in collision with a dray.

THE COMMODORE.

Orders Have Been Received to Release Both Vessel and Cargo—Will Leave Us in a Few Days.

After a careful consideration of the statements forwarded to Washington by District Attorney Aycock and Marshal Carroll, Attorney General Harmon yesterday telegraphed the Marshal to release the steamer *Commodore* and her cargo. As the STAR has kept its readers fully posted on this matter, they all know that the ship and her cargo have been held here on suspicion that the cargo was intended for the Cuban insurgents.

As the ship has been libelled, and the case is now on the docket of the United States Court, it is necessary for Judge Seymour to issue an order dismissing the case, and Mr. D. B. Sutton, representing Judge Russell, counsel for the owners of the *Commodore*, will leave for Newbern this morning to procure the necessary papers from Judge Seymour. He will return this afternoon and every detail will then be finally settled.

It is not yet definitely known when the *Commodore* will leave this port, as it is necessary to complete some repairs of a minor character, which were begun when she was seized by the United States authorities, but she will not be here long,

The news that an order for the release of the *Commodore* and her cargo had been received caused great rejoicing among the people of Wilmington yesterday, and when the gallant ship steams out of this port flying the "stars and stripes" she will carry with her the best wishes of every Wilmingtonian who loves liberty and independence.

THE WEATHER.

The Long Drought Broken—Copious Rains—A Cold Wave Coming.

The long drought has been broken by copious rains in the interior of the State. For the 24 hours ended at 8 a. m. yesterday, the rainfall at Goldsboro amounted to .56 of an inch; Raleigh, .86; Weldon, .36; Greensboro, .12, and a "trace" at Wilmington. It was cloudy at Charlotte, Lumberton and Florence.

Observer Graham, in his synopsis of the weather issued yesterday morning, said:

"The temperature has risen slightly at a few points on the immediate Atlantic coast, but has fallen more or less throughout the rest of the country, being very decided in the great central valleys, reaching from western New York to northeastern Texas and from northern Georgia to North Dakota. The temperature was reported as low as 16 degrees in the Dakotas this morning, with minimum temperature of 14 degrees in North Dakota. This cold wave will pass across the country during the next day or two, causing heavy frosts in the Northern States, and possibly in the interior of this State, but it is doubtful if it will frost in this vicinity.

"Heavy rain has fallen in portions of this State, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee, with lighter showers in various other sections of the country, and a heavy fall of snow in upper Michigan.

"Good rains are reported from all districts of the cotton belt."

THE ROUND COTTON BALE.

What Is Thought of It in New York—It Meets With Much Favor.

One of the cylindrical pressed bales of cotton, of which there has been so much talk abont during the last year, and of which frequent descriptions have been published, says the *News & Courier*, reached New York one day last week and was exhibited at the Cotton Exchange. It met with much favor and many were of the opinion that if it was adopted it would be of great benefit to the trade generally.

The matter in which the buyers manifested most interest was that of sampling cotton under the new process. In the first place, it is impossible for the cotton to be mixed without it appearing in either of the ends of the bale. The cotton passes direct from the gin into the condenser, from which it passes in a broad continuous sheet, the width of the bale, to the spool upon which it is wound under great pressure. The very construction of the bale, therefore, precludes the possibility of mixing in bad cotton without it becoming apparent at the ends. It is possible to secure reliable samples at the ends.

An automatic sampler takes three or more samples from the bale as it is being prepared, which are afterwards compared and the ginner puts a sample together that is certified to be absolutely accurate.

This does away with the disfiguring of the bales by cutting to get samples. Another very desirable feature of the new process is the compactness with which it compresses the bale. The bale on exhibition had a density of 35 pounds to the cubic foot.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKET.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Peaches in fair offering; demand moderate; home fancy occasionally exceed quotations, Sweet potatoes unchanged; receipts light. Peaches, carrier, $1.50@2.00; do crate, $1.00@1.50; do basket, 60c@$1.25. Potatoes—sweet, $1.62@2.00.

An Insane Negro.

Justices Martin Newman and R. H. Bunting and Dr. J. C. Shepard, as a commission *de lunatico inquirendo* had Haywood Tate, colored, before them yesterday. He was adjudged to be insane and was committed to the charge of the sheriff of New Hanover county to be carried to the State asylum for the insane at Goldsboro.

RALEIGH NEWS BUDGET.

THE LONG DROUGHT AT AN END.

Farmers Say the Rain Will Stain Their Cotton—Percy Tomlinson Bound Over to the U. S. Court—Wilmington Delegates to the Road Congress—Governor's Guard to Visit Atlanta.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 8th.

A good steady rain has been descending since last night and all signs of the recent drought are now with the past. Farmers will lose a good deal by the rain coming at this time. The farmers variously estimate that 40 per cent. of the cotton crop is now in the fields. All the cotton that was open was well filled with dust and the rain will no doubt stain a great deal of it, thereby depreciating the price. The condition of the crops is very unfavorable, as given out by the weather service.

Everybody here is watching for the Government report, which appears on the 10th. It may mean that cotton will take a big jump. The fact that New York has held up while Liverpool has gone down, gives encouragement to the prevailing idea that the report will be bullish.

Percy Tomlinson, the young man from Wilson's Mills who is charged with taking a $5 bill from a letter, was bound over to the Federal Court in the sum of $350. Tomlinson is of good connection. His grandfather on the Tomlinson side represented Johnston county in the General Assembly eighteen times, or a total of thirty-six years. His grandfather on the Wilson side was one of the best known and wealthiest citizens of Johnston.

Mr. G. Z. French and Mr. J. C. Stevenson, of Wilmington, have been appointed delegates to the Road Parliament, which meets in Atlanta October 17th.

A circulating library will soon be opened up here.

The Governor's Guard have decided to go to Atlanta. They leave November 3rd. An effort will be made to get other companies to go.

MONROE DOCTRINE.

IT WILL BE ENFORCED IF THE OCCASION DEMANDS IT.

The Massing of the War Ships—Evolutions to Be Made in the Vicinity of Venezuela—Significant Movement.

[*Washington Star.*]

The winter plans for the North Atlantic squadron are important and very significant, in view of the situation in Cuba and the attitude this country has assumed towards British encroachments in Venezuela. This government does not desire to make any aggressive move prematurely, but at the same time intends to be as well prepared as possible for any emergency that may arise. The North Atlantic squadron is to be greatly strengthened. Transfers are to be made so as to assemble in that squadron about all the best vessels in the navy, and instead of ceasing their squadron drill for the winter they will continue it in the southern waters. The result will be that the strongest squadron that this country has ever assembled will be cruising in the vicinity of Venezuela, British Guiana and Cuba. An impressive demonstration of force will thus be made, but it will be under the guise of practice drills.

PRACTICE SQUADRON DRILL NECESSARY.

The excuse for adding vessels to the squadron and going into those waters will be that it is desirable that every one of the new vessels should have practice in squadron drill, and it is necessary to continue the practice through the Winter.

These evolutions, while nominally conducted for the purpose of drilling the officers and men of the ships of the navy in the evolutions of modern naval warfare are, without question, to be carried on for the prime purpose of having a powerful fleet in the vicinity of trouble, if trouble occurs. With headquarters probably at Colon, there will be almost constant communication between the admiral in command of the fleet and the Navy Department, and should the occasion arise, as it is feared that it may, for something more than diplomacy in the Venezuelan-Cuban matter, a powerful fleet would be within an hour's communication of Washington, and at the same time within twenty-four hours' sailing distance of the probable seat of the troubles.

SIGNIFICANCE OL THE MOVEMENT.

The new movement is regarded as of the utmost importance and as of far more significance than any similar action of the authorities for many years past. It means that the administration proposes to strictly enforce the Monroe doctrine and to have a power behind itself to bring about the enforcement.

The southern line of the cruising ground of the North Atlantic squadron is just about a degree south of the equator, so that the United States can, without appearing to make a hostile demonstration, mass her warships along the entire coast of Venezuela and British Guiana. The North Atlantic squadron is the most powerful fleet of the American navy in American waters, and with the vessels to be added will make an impressive showing. The South Atlantic squadron consists of sometimes one and sometimes three vessels of the second, third and fourth classes, with few modern cruisers employed. At the present time it consists of three vessels, only one of which, the Newark, is of a formidable character.

It is also asserted that the Secretary contemplates holding the South Pacific squadron in the vicinity of Valparaiso, where, in case of need, they could be readily communicated with by cable.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on hird page, or inquire at the STAR office.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mullets.

250 barrels MULLETS.
1000 rolls BAGGING.
4000 bundles TIES.
99 boxes CHEESE.
89 boxes CRACKERS and other goods.

D. L. GORE,
120, 122, 124 North Water St.,
oct 9 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Grand Opening

—OF—

MILLINERY,

FINE

DRESS

GOODS,

Novelties,

Wednesday Evening at

8 O'clock,

Johnson & Fore,

Importing Retailers,

No. 111 Market St.

WILMINGTON, N. C.
oct 6 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

W. C. COKER, Jr., Ass't Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

Wilmington, N. C.

Liberal Loans Made on Approved Security at Lowest Rates.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

All Cash Collections remitted for on day of receipt. Accounts of individuals, firms, banks and other corporations solicited. Promptness, accuracy and safety guaranteed.

	July 11, 1893.	July 11, 1894.	July 11, 1895.
Surplus and Net Profits	$15,268	$29,049	$40,113
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	4,140	None.	None
Banking House, &c.	15,600	15,600	13,500
Deposits	323,000	470,000	510,000

Dividends paid past two years, 6 per cent. per annum.

Last installment of capital paid in October, 1892. aug 11 tf

Mullets.

100 Barrels

September Mullets,

Packed in 100 lb. Northern barrels.

FOR SALE LOW.

Write for quotations.

Large Stock of Tobacco and Cigars at Close Figures.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,
sep 22 tf 12 Market St.



WHEN AUTUMN COMES

NEW STYLES

Come with it, and every man in town with any Idea of Dress comes to us for styles as a matter of course.

The best ready-made Suits is only a travesty of correctness. It isn't even a clever masquerade. Banish all Ready-made misfits from your wardrobe, and get something

Stylish and Handsome

produced to order and faultless in fit and correct in every detail of workmanship.

We Fit Our Customers,

That's our rule, and it stands like rock bottom.

The belated Summer Suits has now no place in the wear of the gentleman of style, who if not already provided for the Fall makes no delay.

We are making up Suits to order from $11.25 and up.

Pants made to order for $3.00. And before you condemn our goods come and look and compare them with others.

C. E. GORDON,

Northeast Cor. Front and Market St.
sep 22 tf

Visit the Largest

Variety Store in the City.

Cheapest Place

To buy Goods of Every Description.

"BARGAINS"

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

FULL STOCK!
NEW GOODS!
LOWEST PRICES!

Respectfully,

J. H. REHDER & CO.

617 and 619 North Front Street.

Car fare paid on all purchases of $2 and over.
oct 6 tf

Wanted $10,000.

Gilt-edge security. Write to

J. HICKS BUNTING,

Y. M. C. A. Building,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Yes, we want $10,000, but we don't want to borrow it. We don't want to beg it and we don't want to steal it. We just want to make it in a couple of years We don't want to counterfeit Uncle Sam's money either, we just want to earn it legitimately. Our gilt-edge security is in selling the best quality of goods at a reasonable margin of profit. If we don't make a reasonable profit we've got to starve or steal. The one lands us in the penitentiary and the other carries us to our grave. We are not anxious to take up our abode at either place yet awhile.

We don't and we won't run a cheap John drug shop and sacrifice quality for price. Quality ranks first and price follows.

Those who prefer the best Drugs, &c., at moderate prices know where to go to.

Bunting's Pharmacy.

Those who wish cheap Medicines they know where to go to, too. sep 22 tf

OPERA HOUSE,

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9.

America's Greatest Actress

Effie Ellsler,

Supported by Frank Weston, John A. Ellsler and a Competent Company; presenting Shakspeare's Brilliant Comedy,

"AS YOU LIKE IT."

Miss Ellsler as Rosalind. The production will be magnificently costumed, and presented with the original music. oct 6 3t

Bulbs Have Arrived.

Call and make your selections promptly, and succeed with your "Window Garden."

JAS. D. NUTT,
oct 6 tf The Druggist.

Cream Cheese.

100 small size CHEESE.
50 buckets CANDY.
100 boxes CANDY.
120 boxes CAKES.
200 boxes R. R. SNUFF.
100 boxes Bower's SNUFF.
Lowest possible prices at

W. B. COOPER'S,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
220 North Water Street,
oct 6 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

THE MORNING STAR,

THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Rushed With Business.

The season has opened in our

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

And we are crowded with business, because we carry the most complete line in the city. "First come, first served" is our motto, and we expect a good many sensible people to buy this week.

BLANKETS AND COMFORTS,
SHAWLS AND CURTAINS,
CLOAKS & CHENILLE GOODS,

Can be found on third floor.

A line of Small All Wool Shawls at 25c, will interest you.

Our $2.75 Lace Curtains

Are just what thousands of people want. They do not know where to find them. We have them, and they are good enough for any home. Third floor,

THOSE BEAUTIFUL CAPES AND JACKETS,

Rough effects with Satin Trimmings, are the latest styles, and the admiration of all the men—$9.50 to $12.00. Third floor.

C. & B. CORSETS at 50c, 75c and $1.00. Perfect fitting, unbreakable. Third floor.

DRESS GOODS.

The busiest department in the State. Every lady in the city that wants Nice Dress Good and the latest lining, can be found in this department at some time during the day.

THOSE WOOL AND MOHAIR SUITINGS

Are certainly the most durable fabric that foreign ingenuity has succeeded in producing. 60c yard.

PLAID SERGES.

The combinations are Marvels of Beauty, and they look so comfortable. Twenty-five patterns—60 and 75c yard.

THOSE PLAID FLANNEL SUITINGS

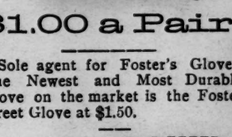
Ought to go now. They are certainly the Best Material for children's school dresses. Only 37½c per yard.

Kid Gloves.

The Cluze Patent Thumb Glove.



The Perfection of Fit, Elegance & Comfort



$1.00 a Pair.

Sole agent for Foster's Gloves. The Newest and Most Durable Glove on the market is the Foster Street Glove at $1.50.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 29 North Front St.
oct 6 tf

Everybody Who Wears

SHOES

WILL DO WELL TO CALL ON

MERCER & EVANS,

at the Old Stand of H. C. Evans, on Princess street, before purchasing elsewhere. We have some EXCELLENT BARGAINS always on hand, which it will pay you to see.

Call early and often on

Mercer & Evans,

aug 18 tf 115 Princess St.

100 Barrels

FAT, LARGE SIZE SEPTEMBER MULLETS,

Coffee, Sugar, Rice, Canned Goods, Cheese, &c., which I offer at lowest prices. B. F. KEITH,
128 and 130 North Water Street,
oct 6 tf Wilmington, N. C.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper in North Carolina, is published daily excep Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 5 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail sub scribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 9, 1895

JAPAN AS A MARKET FOR COTTON.

The statesmen of this country who study England so closely to learn finances from her would do well to study English methods more closely and learn some business from them. England is one of the nations which always keeps business in view, and that never makes a move in peace or in war, when other nations are involved, that has not for an object, either directly or indirectly, the promotion of England's material interests and the extension of her trade. Under cover of protecting her missionaries in China, she is planning to strengthen her grip and extend her trade in that country, and one of the outcomes of all that has been done and said to avenge her murdered missionaries and protect the living will be further trade concessions for the benefit of English traders and manufacturers. This is selfishness, intense, cold-blooded selfishness, but it is business, matter-of-fact, long-headed business.

As England is playing for and taking advantage of China's helplessness to secure the vantage ground in that country, so is she playing to get on good terms with Japan to extend her trade in that country where she sees a possible and a very probable competitor in the manufacture of cotton goods for the Eastern markets, in which she has heretofore had almost unlimited sway.

When the construction of the Suez Canal under French auspices was proposed, she did all she could to throw cold water on it and to put obstacles in the way, just as she has been and is now doing with the proposed Nicaragua Canal. When the Suez Canal became a reality, she was smart enough to buy up stock enough in it to give her a controlling interest and to make it to all intents and purposes an English Canal. It is her short route to the East, and by means of it she has maintained her commercial supremacy in that part of the world.

We are not an admirer of the selfish, plotting, cold blooded methods of English statesmanship, but we admire the dogged perseverance with which they are pursued. Whether we approve of or admire the methods or not England is our commercial rival and if we would compete with her successfully we must study her methods, learn from them and profit by them.

The cotton manufacturing industry is growing with wonderful rapidity in Japan and is also growing in China. This is one of the facts which interests England. She sees in the growth of cotton manufacturing there and in this country the ultimate downfall of the cotton manufacturing industry in England, and hence she is trying to check its growth in the East and to get it as far as possible into English hands. She may do that in China, she can't do it in Japan, which from present indications, the efforts being made to build up the industry in that country and the marvellous success that has crowned the efforts made in the past ten years, is destined to become one of the greatest cotton manufacturing centers in the world.

In order to secure a supply of cotton at reasonable prices there are movements now on foot in that country to establish a line of steamers to some port on the Pacific coast of Mexico, mainly for the shipment of American cotton, which they now get either from England by way of the Suez canal or from San Francisco, the cotton going to San Francisco by rail. This, of course, makes it costly when it reaches the manufacturer in Japan, but with that he can successfully compete with the manufacturers of England and make handsome profits while he is doing it.

When General Grant was in Japan he discussed American cotton with the leading men of that country, and left there impressed with the belief that if we had a canal across the isthmus, which would enable us to ship cotton quickly and cheaply to Japan, it would not be many years before it would consume 5,000,000 bales of American cotton, or more than England now consumes. With such a market open, for such an amount, or for even half of it, we would have England and Japan both competing for our cotton, with a reasonable assurance of good prices as a steady thing and but little danger of a surplus at any time, for there are 800,000,000 of people in the East who wear mainly cotton clothing, and the cheaper they get it the more they would wear and the greater the market for cotton goods would become.

Isn't this a strong argument for the building of the Nicaragua Canal, and for the building of it with as little delay as possible? Isn't it a strong argument, too, why this Government, which should ever be alert in seeking to extend our trade, should take an active interest in it even if it never got a dollar back of the money it put into it? In the increased trade and the additional prosperity brought to the people of this country it would be more than compensated in a few years for any moneys it might appropriate to the consummation of such a grand enterprise and while doing so it would be putting itself in a position to checkmate the plans of English statesmen to get such a foothold in the countries of the East as would give them a dominating influence to throw obstacles in the way of our efforts to secure a foothold. We should study English methods, profit by them and take the field that is open to us while it is open.

MINOR MENTION.

A correspondent of the Savannah *News*, writing about the bright prospects of the cotton planters of that State, quotes one planter as saying that he grew his crop this year with the expectation of selling it for 4½ cents a pound, and made his arrangements accordingly. What these arrangements were that would enable him to grow cotton and sell it for 4½ cents a pound and make anything on it are not stated, but the presumption is that he raised his home supplies, and raised other crops which helped to bear the expense of producing the cotton. Instead of selling his cotton for 4½ cents a pound, as he expected, he will get 7½ cents or more, which is three cents a pound more than he looked for, or $15 a bale, which, on the ninety bales which he raised, will put $1,350 more to his credit than he figured on. It seems that the planters of that State generally got down to the bed rock in the cost of producing, with the expectation of selling low, so that they are all in a better and more independent position than they have been for years, the increased price they get for their cotton being with most of them that much clear gain. This applies not only to Georgia, but to more or less extent to the cotton-growers of the South. If they wisely keep their acreage down and give increased attention to diversified farming, so as to make the farm as nearly self-sustaining as possible without cotton, they will continue masters of the situation, and the prosperity which has begun to dawn upon them will continue.

***

The indications are that Florida will become a great tobacco growing State, it having been demonstrated that portions of the State are as well adapted to the growth of tobacco for cigars as Cuba is, while other kinds of leaf may be profitably grown in any part of the State. In one county the success in cultivating has been such as to result in the organization of a company to manufacture chewing tobacco. The trouble in Cuba has almost paralyzed tobacco growing in the island and the consequent shortage in the present supply of cigar leaf, with a prospective shortage for several years, following the set back to orange growing caused by the freezes of last winter, has turned that attention of Florida farmers to tobacco culture. It has also caused some Cuban planters, who have little hope of doing anything at home for some time, to turn to Florida, where they have secured lands and brought their help with them for the purpose of engaging in the industry there. This is a decided gain for the State, for from these Cuban planters the Florida planters may learn the art of cultivating and curing, both of which require experience that the farmers of Florida have had little opportunity of acquiring.

***

A goldite contemporary informs us that the reason why more silver is not coined is because "it is not needed." The average coined for the world it puts at about 75 per cent. of the output. Neither is all the gold mined coined. Does this show that more gold is not needed? If it does then coinage of both gold and silver might cease, if we have money enough. Some of the goldites seem to be of the opinion that we have not only enough but too much, for they propose to get rid of about $500,000,000 greenbacks and other circulating paper, which would bring us down to an absolute gold basis, for these goldites do not believe any more in silver than they do in paper. But this goldite organ does not give the true reason why more silver is not coined. More is not coined because the gold monometallists are doing all they can to drive it from circulation, save what may be necessary to use as change, and to make gold the only money, and hence they fight with vigor every proposition looking to the coinage of silver on any terms. The world has not enough of silver, nor enough of gold, and would not have if every ounce that came from the mine for years were coined.

BOOK NOTICES.

The October number of *The Eclectic Magazine* presents a fine selection of articles from the leading European periodicals, embracing a variety of topics in which the reader will find much to interest him. Published by E. R. Pelton, No. 144 Eighth street, New York.

The magazine readers will find *The Atlantic Monthly* for October a very interesting number. In the list of interesting articles presented is one on the genius of Japanese civilization, which will be found very interesting, as everything about those wonderful people is. Published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co., No. 11 East Seventeenth street, New York.

Among the special features in *The Review of Reviews* for October is a very interesting article on Matabeland under the British South Africa Company The "Progress of the World," which is always interesting, gives sketches, with pictures, of a large number of personages who are attracting attention in this and other countries. This number is well illustrated. Address Review of Reviews, No. 13 Astor Place, New York.

CURRENT COMMENT

—— It seems that the free coinage platform worked well in the tenth district. It has worked well during the past twenty years wherever it has been trid.—*Atlanta Cons titution, Dem.*

—— Robert T. Lincoln, who is said to be Mr. Harrison's second choice for the Presidency, ought to make haste to resign the Presidency he already holds. As the chief executive officer of the Chicago Gas Trust his candidacy would have an offensive odor.—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

—— About 500 of the 40,000 colonists from the West, who are preparing to settle in Wilcox and Irwin counties, have arrived. Judging from the appearance of those who have arrived these settlers are thrifty and temperate, and in every respect desirable citizens. They are thoroughly in earnest in making their homes in Georgia. We mean by this that they are not coming to Georgia merely as an experiment. They are coming to stay, and with the intention of bettering their material condition.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Danbury *Reporter*: Thousands of bushels of apples have rotted on the ground this Fall.

— Washington *Progress*: Mr. G. L. Windley, of Haslin, one of the oldest and most highly respected citizens of the county, died the first part of last week.

— Smithfield *Herald*: Dr. William E. Richardson, of Eagle Rock, Wake county, was caught in a gin and his arm horribly mangled one day last week, from the effects of which he died a few hours after.

— Concord *Standard*: Mr. Jno. W. Edgerson died at his home in No. 5 township Sunday night of heart disease. He was about 63 years old and had been troubled with a heart affection for several years.

— Salisbury *Herald*: Thirty cars of cattle—over 600 in number—came down the Western road Saturday night and yesterday afternoon. The last train contained twenty-two cars, being about the largest cattle train ever brought down the Western. The cattle were unloaded and fed here and shipped north.

— Murfreesboro *Index*: A disastrous fire occurred in the town of Jackson, Northampton county, on Sunday night. The Episcopal Church, the Academy, the residence of Mr. Frank Ridley, a coach shop, Moore's cotton gin and about thirty bales of cotton were burned. No insurance, except on the church, which was insured for only $1,200.

— Salisbury *Truth*: Miss Julia M. Beard, one of the oldest women in Salisbury, died the 27th of September. She has been confined to the house a number of years, having never been up street since Vance spoke here in 1860, thirty-five years ago. —— We hear great complaint of fever and various diseases in adjoining towns. Concord has felt the ravages of fever deeply, and are looking into their sanitary arrangements.

— Shelby *Star*: There are a great many improvements going on at King's Mountain. All three of the cotton mills are adding a great many new improvements. The Dilling Cotton Mill is adding some to the mill and erecting 35 new houses for operatives. The King's Mountain Manufacturing Company are also erecting several new houses and making some additions to the mill. The Enterprise Mill is likewise keeping pace, and besides adding to their building a weave room are building some 20 new houses. —— Last week Mr. C. P. Stroup, of Cherryville, brought to our office a curiosity. It was a very large egg. In one end was a full developed, average size egg, while in the other end there was two small egg shells formed, one on the inside of the other, making three eggs in all.

TWINKLINGS

— The tobacco-using man is in favor again. There are no microbes in his kisses.—*West Union Gazette.*

— When the first baby is about a year old, almost all the money in the house may be found in the baby's bank. *Atchison Globe.*

— A Maine editor has sent little Marion Cleveland a poodle. Most of the editors have been giving her father pointers.—*Galveston News.*

— "No," said young Spooner, "I wasn't really mad when her father drove me from the house, but I will admit that I was put out."—*Boston Transcript.*

— "Jones has a good deal of money, hasn't he?"

"Well, he ought to have."

"How is that?"

"He never pays any out."—*Chicago Record.*

— Created the Necessity—"Say, Smith's not a box in a safety deposit vault."

"What's he got in it?"

"The receipt for the rent of the box."—*Chicago Record.*

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

All

forms of Summer Complaint, Cramps, Colic, Cholera Morbus, etc., which are attended by so much

Pain

are quickly relieved and effectually cured by PAIN-KILLER. The standard remedy for these troubles for more than 50 years. It

Goes

without saying, that every kind of pain—internal or external—takes its leave

When

PAIN-KILLER is applied. Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Bites and Stings are all cured by

Pain-Killer

Accept no substitutes or imitations. The genuine bears the name—"Perry Davis & Son"—and is sold everywhere at 25c. a bottle, (double the former quantity).

Remember that all pain goes when Pain-Killer

Comes.

June 8 52t sa fr we

MRS. A.'S AT HOME.

An awful night! I do believe it's snowing.
Who from his "ain fireside" would wish to roam?
Only a fool would go—and yet I'm going—
To Mrs. A.'s at home.

The burden of at homes! The bore of dressing!
I must be wielding razor, brush and comb
(The snow has almost stopped. Come, that's a blessing!)
For Mrs. A.'s at home.

Why am I going? Well, to me the reason
Looms large and clear as Paul's cathedral dome—
The reason's Nancy, whom I met last season
At Mrs. A.'s at home.

Hi, hansom! Off we go, although sweet Nancy
Since then has vanished like a fairy gnome,
Yet I shall see her—sweet conceit—in fancy
At Mrs. A.'s at home.

"Thankee, my lord!"—he's earned that extra shilling.
We've come along; the horse is flecked with foam,
Slowly up stairs I go. The rooms are filling
At Mrs. A.'s at home.

Then—why, good heavens! No, it isn't fancy!
"Can it be you? I heard you were in Rome.
Just fancy meeting you"—the real Nancy—
"At Mrs. A.'s at home!"

Tonight and Nancy—rhyme excuses fiction—
Might, if I sang them, fill a ponderous tome.
A perfect night! I breathe a benediction
On Mrs. A.'s at home.

—Punch.

Plain Spoken.

It is said that some of the sitters to Nollekens, the celebrated sculptor, were charmed by the downright bluntness of his compliments, which were so evidently free from all intentional flattery.

One day he was modeling the head of a lady of rank when she forgot herself, changed her position and assumed a look of great haughtiness, which displeased the sculptor.

"Don't look so scornful, madam," he said bluntly. "You will spoil my bust, and you're a very fine woman. I think it will make one of my best."

At another time he said to a sitter who had a cast in one eye, "Pray look the other way, madam, that I may get rid of that shyness in your eye, which, though not disagreeable in life, is unusual in art."

At one time he had had for a sitter a woman of great beauty, but of an extremely nervous and impatient temperament. During her sittings she constantly changed her position, and with each change of position her expression varied.

At last Nollekens' patience gave way.

"Madam," he cried unceremoniously, "what does it matter how handsome you are if you will not sit still till I have modeled you?"

The sitter smiled with gratified vanity, and much to the sculptor's amazement was almost as quiet as a lay figure during the remainder of her sittings.—Youth's Companion.

Scotch Gems.

A flippant commercial traveler once entered a coach drawn by a horse along a little line of rails to a Perthshire village and said in a depreciatory tone, "A very innocent railway."

"No that ennocent," answered the indignant driver. "No that ennocent—we kellt a man."

"Din ye ken what I aye think at a funeral?" said an old man in Ayrshire to his minister, who waited for some devout reflection. "I aye think—I aye think I'm desperate glad it's no me."

In Aberdeenshire the head of a Roman Catholic college one night found a cobbler drunk in the snow. He got the man home, restored him to his senses and on receiving thanks said, "Maybe ye wad not be so ceevil if ye kenned who I am." But the cobbler answered: "Ou aye, I ken ye fine. Ye're a Cawthlic priest. But I'm a man aboon a' prejudice."—Dr. Boyd's "St. Andrew's and Elsewhere."

How They Got Rich.

When I talk to a man who has made a fortune by advertising, I wonder that anybody who has anything to sell does not go and do likewise. One man told me a day or two ago that his concern, with a nominal capital of $100,000, only $30,000 of which was paid in, has divided in a single year among three partners profits to the amount of $750,000, and that exclusive of salaries of $50,000 and $25,000 drawn by two members of the firm. Ten or twelve years ago this man was a drug clerk on a small salary in a western town and is now one of the millionaires of New York. "Without advertising I might have made a living," he said, "but it was advertising that made me rich, and advertising a very simple commodity at that."

Another man, who bears similar testimony, tells me that his concern, which began by investing $10,000 a year in advertising, increased the amount every year according to their increase of business, and this year expects to spend $1,000,000. Still another, who confined himself entirely to the newspapers and magazines in the exploitation of his specialty, never having touched a dead wall, a fence or the broad side of a barn with poster or paintbrush, and never employing a salesman, has a cool million salted down in real estate, keeps his yacht and spends most of the year abroad in luxurious living.

Many other men of my acquaintance resting in ease and wealth have told me stories of their own experience with the same moral. Some day I am going to print these stories and give the names of the heroes.—Major Handy in Chicago Times-Herald.

In many parts of the West Indies shark oil is used in the lamps.

SPEAK FOR YOURSELF

"You have influence with her, Hardy. Can't you do something for me?"

"Don't be a complete fool, Walter," advised Hardy. "Who ever heard of one man persuading a woman to marry another man? Since the days of the stern parent, that is."

"Well, Cyprilla likes me well enough, only she's a person of whims. And she has one of her whims now. Doesn't want to marry, is sure she isn't in love, intends to devote her life to orphans or suffrage or something! I don't want you to go to her and tell her that she ought to marry me. I can attend to that part of it myself. But she respects your judgment, you know, and believes in your views. Just laugh her out of her emancipated notions, won't you? Then I'll attend to the rest."

"Cyprilla will outgrow her present crochets just as she has half a dozen others. Don't you remember when she plunged into Italian and determined to be a great scholar? She thought of nothing but Dante for six months, and then athletics became her hobby. Be patient, and she'll come around all right."

"But won't you try a little guying or something? That will hurry along the end." Walter's tone was a little pleading, and his cousin yielded.

"Well, I'll do what I can," he agreed wearily. "But you understand that I can't really do anything."

Walter acquiesced joyously. He had as great confidence in Hardy Graham's powers as the elusive Cyprilla had in his judgment.

Cyprilla was out in the garden weeding when Mr. Graham was announced.

"Tell him to come out here," she commanded the maid, and in a few minutes the grave, correct Mr. Graham was standing in the garden path and thinking that Cyprilla looked rather well in a farmer's hat. Then it occurred to him that the face under the grotesque straw brim was thinner than usual, in spite of its rosy color, and that the bright gray eyes were a little sunken. Probably she was begining to regret Walter already, in which case Mr. Graham felt that his labors would be considerably lightened. He did not find it easy to begin conversation with her. It ocurred to him that perhaps, after all, Cyprilla had a right to her whims and that it was impertinence to interfere with her. So he talked about the lateness of the spring and the freshness of the garden instead. By and by Cyprilla threw away her trowell and stood erect. She slipped off the sheepskin gloves and the big hat and showed damp little rings of brown about her forehead.

"I'm tired," she announced. "I guess I'll let Thomas finish that bed."

"You usually get tired of your undertakings, don't you?" remarked Mr. Graham quizzically. Cyprilla flushed.

"Yes, I suppose I do," she admitted, with unusual humility.

"It makes it a little difficult for Thomas when you leave things half done, but what difference does that make provided you have succeeded in amusing yourself for an hour or so?" continued Mr. Graham thoughtfully. He felt a little dismayed when Cyprilla didn't flash out a retort. She only looked a little red and uncomfortable. Then he went on:

"Do you think Thomas minds the extra work?"

"No," said Cyprilla shortly.

"Now I've offended you," exclaimed the contrite Mr. Graham. Cyprilla did not deny it. "Have I offended you?" he asked remorsefully.

Cyprilla turned her eyes toward him. They were full of tears.

"Cyprilla, I'm a brute," he cried. "You know I wouldn't hurt you for worlds. I'm a miserable busybody. I had no right to taunt you if you had broken a dozen engagements with Walter. Please, dear, don't cry. Don't you know I wouldn't have—Cyprilla, my dear child, don't!"

For Cyprilla, the faddist, whose latest whim was to be emancipated, had seated herself on the lowest one of the steps leading to the piazza and was sobbing. Mr. Graham sat beside her. He was conscious of a strong desire to take her in his arms and let her sob there. But the knowledge that he had had impulses of that nature before made him distrust the apparent pity of this one, so he sat quite rigid and listened to Cyprilla's sobbing. By and by her voice emerged from behind her arms, on which her face was buried.

"I couldn't help it," she sobbed. "I couldn't. I don't—don't love Walter. I wish I did. Oh, I wish I did! I'd do anything for him—except—mar—marry him. You know that, don't you?" she suddenly demanded, looking at Hardy. He only nodded. He couldn't trust himself to speak.

"But I don't—I can't," pursued Cyprilla. "And I can't undertake marriage—and make—a failure of that too." Then she began to cry again.

"Cyprilla," said Mr. Graham as calmly as he could, "do you love any one else?"

Cyprilla blushed furiously and then grew quite white. "You have no right to ask," she said, and her voice came from a great distance.

"Cyprilla!" cried he, seizing her hands and looking into her eyes. "Cyprilla, you do love some one else—and"—

Cyprilla jerked herself away.

"You have no right," she said brokenly, "when I—am so—miserable—to—to—surprise—will you go away?"

"I will," said Mr. Graham gladly and triumphantly. "I will go at once and resign a commission which I bear, and when I come back in 15 minutes—Thomas, Thomas, call me a cab!—when I come back I shall have a right and you need not be surprised."

Then he fled, and Cyprilla forgot to be miserable.

And now Walter believes firmly in the wisdom of speaking for one's self.—New York World.

Covered Dishes.

How many persons, seeing covered dishes come on the table, have any idea of the origin of serving food in this fashion? Let us here say that dishes were not covered at first for the purpose of keeping the victuals warm. What then? They were covered from fear—the fear of poison. In mediæval days and down to the time of Louis XIV people were afraid that poison might be introduced into food between the kitchen and the table. Hence the cook was ordered to cover the dishes, and the covers were not removed until the master of the house sat down to eat.

The wholesomeness of the food was first tried on the servants, who were required to taste it before any of the guests, and then if they were not poisoned the food was all right. It did not matter if a servant was poisoned. Later on, instead of the food being tasted, it was tested by certain objects which were supposed to be infallible antidotes against poison. The most powerful objects were the horn of the unicorn, a serpent's tongue, the fabulous stone found in the head of the toad, agate and so forth.—Lippincott's.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at R R BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

DUKE CIGARETTES



MADE FROM

High Grade Tobacco

AND

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ec 14 tf fr su we W 2p

AN ELEPHANT'S TENDER CARE.

When Left to Watch Children He Will Faithfully Protect Them.

The whole family of the mahout become, as it were, parasites to the elephant, by whom they earn their living. I have seen a baby placed by its mother systematically under the elephant's care and within reach of its trunk, while the mother went to fetch water or to get wood or material to cook the family dinner. No jackal or wolf would be likely to pick up and carry off a baby who was thus confided to the care of an elephant, but most people who have lived a life in the jungle know how very possible it is for a jackal or wolf to carry off a baby when lying in a hut when the mother's back is turned.

The children thus brought up in the companionship of an elephant become familiar with him and take all kinds of liberties with him, which the elephant seems to endure on the principle that it does not hurt him, while it amuses the child. You see a little naked black child about 2 feet high standing on the elephant's bare back and taking it down to the water to bathe, shouting all the time in the most unbecoming terms of native abusive language.

On arriving at the water the elephant, ostensibly in obedience to the child's command, lies down and enjoys himself, just leaving a part of his body, like a small island, above the water, on which the small child stands and yells and yells all the more if he has several companions of his own age, also in charge of their elephants, all wallowing in the water around him. If the child slips off his island, the elephant's trunk promptly replaces him in safety. The little urchins as they grow up become first mates to mahouts and eventually arrive at the dignity of being mahouts themselves.—Omaha World-Herald.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption, and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her, and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-℔ Jute	@	5¼
Standard	7¼@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ⅌ ℔	13½@	14
Sides ⅌ ℔	7½@	7½
Shoulders ⅌ ℔	6 @	6¼
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ⅌ ℔	6½@	6¾
Shoulders ⅌ ℔	5½@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ⅌ ℔	26 @	27
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ⅌ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ⅌ ℔	15	
Northern	23 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	50
Virginia Meal	50 @	52½
COTTON TIES— ⅌ bundle	@	85
CANDLES—⅌ ℔—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE—⅌ ℔—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	....@	10
COFFEE—⅌ ℔—	27 @	28
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	15 @	20
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ⅌ yard	6	6¼
Yarns, ⅌ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—⅌ dozen	10 @	12
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ⅌ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ⅌ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ⅌ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ⅌ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ⅌ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ⅌ barrel	3 25 @	3 50
Mullets, ⅌ pork barrel	6 00 @	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ⅌ keg	3 50 @	3 75
Dry Cod, ⅌ ℔	5 @	10
" Extra	3 25 @	3 50
FLOUR—⅌ barrel—		
Low grade	@	3 00
Choice,	2 75 @	3 00
Straight	3 65 @	3 75
First Patent	@	4 25
GLUE—⅌ ℔—	7½@	10
GRAIN—⅌ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	@	58
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	54
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	54
Oats, from store	@	37½
Oats, Rust Proof	@	40
Cow Peas	70 @	75
HIDES, ⅌ ℔—		
Green	....@	46
Dry	..@	8
HAY, ⅌ 100 ℔s—		
Eastern	....@	1 00
Western	@	90
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ⅌ ℔	2 @	2¼
LARD, ⅌ ℔—		
Northern	6½@	9
North Carolina	6½@	10
LIME, ⅌ barrel	....	1 25
LUMBER(city sawed) ⅌ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ⅌ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	..@	22
" " " in bbls	....@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25 @	27½
" " in bbls	25 @	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" " in bbls	....@	16
Syrup, in bbls	13 @	26
NAILS, ⅌ keg, Cut, 60d basis	@	2 50
PORK, ⅌ barrel—		
City Mess	14 00 @	14 50
Rump	@	13 50
Prime	@	14 00
ROPE, ⅌ ℔	10 @	22
SALT ⅌ sack Alum	....@	75
Liverpool	....@	65
Lisbon	....@	....
American	@	65
on 125 ⅌ Sacks	40 @	45
SHINGLES 7-inch, ⅌ M	5 00 @	7 00
Common	2 00 @	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50 @	5 00
Cypress Hearts	...@	7 50
SUGAR, ⅌ ℔—Standard Granu'd	4⅞@	4¾
Standard A	@	4¼
White Ex. C	@	4¼
ExtraC, Golden	4 @	4⅛
C, Yellow	@	3¾
SOAP, ⅌ ℔—Northern	3¼@	....
STAVES, ⅌ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00 @	14
R O Hogshead	....@	10 00
TIMBER, ⅌ M feet—Shipping	00 @	9 00
Mill, Prime	00 @	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	4 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00 @	3 00
TALLOW ⅌ ℔	5 @	
WHISKEY, ⅌ gallon— Northern	1 00 @	[illegible]
North Carolina	1 00 @	[illegible]
WOOL, ⅌ ℔—Washed	14 @	
Clear of burs	12¼ @	
Burry	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Oct. 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Sales at 24½ cents per gallon for country and 25⅜ cents for machine-made casks. Market steady.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 40 per bbl of 280 ℔s.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quoted on 'Change firm at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 60 for Virgin. Inspectors quote Hard, $1 20; Virgin and Yellow dip, $1 60.

COTTON—Market closed steady on a basis of 8⅝c for Middling.

Ordinary	6¼	cts ⅌ ℔
Good Ordinary	7⅛	" "
Low Middling	8 3-16	" "
Middling	8⅝	" "
Good Middling	8 15-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	2,726	bales
Spirits Turpentine	126	casks
Rosin	453	bbls
Tar	149	bbls
Crude Turpentine	4	bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, October 8.–Evening—Money on call firm at 2@3 per cent. last loan at 2 and closing offered at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper was 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange very weak; actual business in bankers' bills at 486¼@486½ for sixty days and 487@487¼ for demand. Commercial bills 485@485¾. Government bonds were steady; United States coupon fours 111¾; United States twos 97. State bonds firm; North Carolina fours 102; North Carolina sixes 122. Railroad bonds firm.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was sold at 67¾.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, October 7–Evening–Cotton dull; middling gulf 9⅜c; middling 9⅛c.

Cotton futures closed barely steady; October 8 78, November 8 80, December 8 87, January 8 95, February 9 00, March 9 05; April 9 10, May 9 15, June 9 20. Sales 166,600 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 150 bales; gross 11,026 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,189 bales; to France 1,236 bales; to Continent 680 bales; forwarded 3,615 bales; sales 1,481 bales, sales to spinners 181 bales; stock (actual) 159,232 bales.

Total to-day–Net receipts 51,906 bales; exports to Great Britain 13,259 bales; to France 6,886 bales; to the Continent 4,771 bales; stock 634,791.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 150,839 bales; exports to Great Britain 41,186 bales; to France 6,886 bales; to the Continent 24,421 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 664,286 bales; exports to Great Britain 114,330 bales; exports to France 20,081 bales; exports to the Continent 76,498 bales.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.–Evening.—Flour—market was quiet and steadier; winter wheat, low grades $2 25@2 60; fair to fancy $2 80@3 40; patents $3 50@3 75; Minnesota clear $2 75@3 25; patents $3 35@4 20; low extra $2 25@2 60; city mills $3 85@4 00; do patents $4 20@4 45; Southern quiet, common to fair extra $2 10@2 80; good to choice $2 90@3 30. Wheat—spot dull; firmer with options; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 66½c; afloat 66⅞c; options opened fairly active and ⅜@⅝c higher, gained ⅞@1c, prices went ¾c later and the close was nervous at about 1c over yesterday; No. 2 red October 64⅝c; December 66¼; March 69½c; May 70½c. Corn—spot quiet and steady; No. 2 at elevator 37c; afloat 38c; options were quiet and gained ⅛@⅜c; October 36⅜c; November 36½c; December 35½c; May 35c. Oats—spot firmer on mixed and quiet; options dull and ⅛@⅜c higher; October 23c; December 23⅜; May 25½c; spot—No. 2, 22¾@23c; No. 2 white 24½c; mixed Western 24@25c. Hay firm and demand fair; spring 70c; good to choice 85@90c. Wool firm and quiet; domestic fleece 10@22c; pulled 15@34c. Beef strong and quiet; family $9 00@12 00; extra mess $7 50@8 00; beef hams quiet at $15 00@15 50; tierced beef slow and firm; city extra India mess $17 00; cut meats quiet and steady; pickled bellies (12 pounds) 6¾@7c; shoulders 6@6½c; hams 9@9½c; middles nominal. Lard quiet and easy; Western steam closed at $6 17½; city $6 00; October closed at $6 20; refined lard quiet; Continent $6 55; South America $6 90; compound $4 62½@5 00. Pork firm and quiet; old mess $9 75@10 00. Butter—fine firm; demand fair; State dairy 12@21c; do creamery 22½@23c; Western dairy 10@14c; creamery —; Elgins 23c. Eggs—fancy, receipts light; market firm; State and Pennsylvania 19@20; Western fresh 16@19c; do per case $1 50@4 85. Tallow firm; demand moderate; city 4⅜c; country 4⅜@4⅝c. Cotton seed oil quiet and unsettled; crude 23½c; yellow prime 27½@28c, do off grade 26¾@27c. Petroleum steady; refined New York $7 10, Philadelphia $7 05; do in bulk $4 55@4 60. Rice steady; demand moderate; domestic, fair to extra 3¾@6c; Japanese 3⅝@3⅞c. Molasses—foreign nominal; New Orleans, open kettle good to choice 26@32c and steady; moderately active. Peanuts quiet. Coffee closed dull and unchanged to 6 points down; December $14 90@14 95; March $14 80; March $14 50@14 55; spot Rio dull and easy; No. 7 $16 00@16 12½. Sugar—raw firm and quiet; fair refining 3¼@3⅜c; refined steady; demand fair; off A 4 3 16@4 7-16; standard A 4 9-16@4¾; cut loaf and crushed 5 3-16@5⅜c; granulated 4 9-16@4⅞c. Freights to Liverpool dull and nominal: cotton per steamer 7-32d; grain per steamer 2½d.

CHICAGO, October 8—Cash quotations: Flour very dull; feeling was barely steady, prices being shaded in some instances. Wheat—No. 2 spring 58½; No. 2 red 59¼@61¾c. Corn—No. 2 30⅛c bid. Oats—No. 2 18c. Mess pork, per 100 bbls, $8 87½@8 50. Lard, per 100 lbs, $5 82½@5 85. Rib sides, per 100 lbs $5 20@5 25. Dry salted shoulders boxes per 100 lbs. $5 75@5 87½. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs, $5 85@6 00. Whiskey, per gallon, $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 October 58½@58¼, 59¼, 58⅛, 58½c; December 59⅜@59½, 60½, 59⅜, 59⅝; May 63⅝@63¾, 64⅝, 63⅝, 64c. Corn—October 25⅝, 29¾, 29½, 29⅝; November 29, 29¼, 29, 29⅛; December 27½, 27⅝, 27½, 27½c; May 28⅜, 29@29⅛, 28⅞@29, 20c. Oats—No. 2 October 17⅛, 17⅞, 17⅛, 17⅞c; December 17⅝, 17⅞, 17⅝, 17⅞c; May 20⅛@20¼, 20⅜, 20⅛, 20¼@20⅜c. Mess pork—per bbl, October $8 40, 8 40, 8 37½, 8 37½; January $9 65, 9 63, 9 52½, 9 55; May $9 80, 9 82½, 9 80, 9 82½. Lard, per 100 lbs, October $5 58@5 82½, 5 82½, 5 80, 5 82½; January $5 85, 5 85, 5 80, 5 80. Short ribs, per 100 lbs, October $5 25, 5 25, 5 25 5 25; November $4 90, 4 90, 4 87½, 4 80; January $4 90, 4 90 4 87½, 4 87½.

BALTIMORE Oct. 8—Flour dull and unchanged Wheat strong; No. 2 red spot and October 64¾@65c; December 66¾@67c; Steamer No. 2 red 61¾@62c, Southern by sample 65@66c; do on grade 62@65c. Corn quiet—mixed spot 37¼@37½c; October 36⅞@37c; November (new and old) 34¼@34½c; year and January 33½@33½c; Southern white 37@38c; do yellow 38@39c. Oats firmer—No. 2 white Western 27½@28c; No. 2 mixed do 24c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Oct. 8.—Galveston, steady at 8¾c, net receipts 6,503 bales; Nofolk, quiet at 8 11-16c, net recepts 3,614 bales; Baltimore, quiet at 9c, net receipts — bales; Boston, dull at 9⅛, net receipts 577 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8⅝c, net receipts 2,826 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 9⅜c, net receipts 434 bales; Savannah, quiet at 8 7-16c, net receipts 12,088 bales. New Orleans, quiet at 8 13-16c, net receipts 20,984 bales; Mobile, quiet at 8⅝c; net receipts 857 bales; Memphis, easy at 8 11-16, net receipts 3,609 bales; Augusta, steady at 8⅝c, net receipts 3,027 bales; Charleston, steady at 8⅜, net receipts 1,734 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 8.—12.30 P. M.—Cotton, demand moderate and prices favor buyers; American middling 4¾d. Sales 10,000 bales, of which 9,700 were American. speculation and export 500 Receipts 4,500 bales, all of which were American. Futures opened easy and demand fair. American middling (l m c) November and December 4 41 64@4 40 64d; December and January 4 42-64@4 41-64d; January and February 4 44-64, 4 43-64, 4 42 64, 4 43 64@4 44-64d; February and March 4 45 64@4 44-64@4 45 64d; March and April 4 46-64, 4 45-64, 4 46 64@4 47 64d; April and May 4 48 64@4 47-64d; June and July 4 50-64d. Futures quiet but steady.

4 P M—Cotton—American middling fair 5 5-16d; good middling 4⅞d; low middling 4 19-32d; good ordinary 4 15 32d; ordinary 4 9-32d; October 4 43 64d seller; October and November 4 42 64@4 43-64d seller; November and December 4 42 64@4 43 64d seller; December and January 4 43 64@4 44-64d seller; January and February 4 45-64d seller; February and March 4 46-64d buyer; March and April 4 47-64@4 48-64d buyer; April and May 4 49-64d, seller; May and June 4 50-64@4 51-64d June and July 4 51-64@4 52-64d buyer; July and August 4 53 64, seller. Futures closed quiet.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Lisbon, Black, Clear Run, master.

Steamship Croatan, Hansen, New York, H G Smallbones.

CLEARED.

Steamer Lisbon, Black, Clear Run, master.

MARINE DIRECTORY

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 9, 1895.

STEAMSHIPS.

Oceana (Br), 2,309 tons, McDonald, Alex Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

Lizzie N Hall, 185 tons, Hudson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Jno C Cottingham, 226 tons, Thomson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Willie A McKay, 161 tons, Matheson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
B I Hazard, 373 tons, Rafford, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Lois V Chapels, 219 tons, Mcduro, Jas T Riley & Co.
C C Lister, 266 tons, Robinson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Mary B Judge, 448 tons, Morris, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Maggie Abbott, McIntosh 224 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Bygdo (Nor), 518 tons, Gunnufsen, J T Riley & Co.

BRIGS.

R T Green, 285 tons, Moore, Gorge Harriss, Son & Co.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

Wilmington, N. C.

Are now handling a few additional lines, such as

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
WATER COOLERS
COOK STOVES,
RANGES,
Garden Hose
Lawn Mowers.

They undoubtebly have the finest Cream Freezer and the lowest price Lawn Mowers ever brought to this market.

GOOD GOODS and SQUARE DEALING is their motto with those they sell to as well as those from whom they buy.

14 North Front Street,

Wilmington, N. C.

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Warranted superior to any Machine built in the world, regardless of price.

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Whose bond is as good as gold. Do not be induced to pay more money, as the Waverley has no superior. Catalogue free.

INDIANA BICYCLE CO, Indianapolis, Ind.

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ap 27 tf

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Fire and Life.

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A PERMANENT CURE of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 6 days; no other treatment required, and without the nauseating results of dosing with Cubebs, Copaiba or Sandal-Wood. J. Ferré & Co., (successors to Brou), Pharmacien, Paris. At all druggists.

ap 2 1y wed

The Morning Star.

THE OLD CEMETERY AT QUIBERON.

Buried in sand that drifts upon their graves
 Near to the white fringe of the fretful sea.
 The dead lie close, a quiet company,
Where poppies wanton and the tamarisk waves.

Only a low rough wall and granite blocks
 Patched with the solemn lichen's gray green hair
 Now mark the place upon the dune, so bare
But for the purple of the wind blown stocks.

A bare legged child comes hither with a sheep
 That scales the wall and crops the poor thin grass
 Around the tombs. Waiting, the little lass
Stands as she knits, and knitting seems to sleep.

No more the spade stirs here the buried bones,
 Few now are they who come to kneel and mourn,
 But tender sighs are from the tamarisk borne,
And the lark carols, though the sad sea groans.
 —E. Harrison Barker in Temple Bar.

THE SCHOLARSHIP.

It was the end of the winter session, or term, as dwellers south of the Tweed would call it, and debate ran high among the medical students of a certain famous northern university, for what was known as the Ramsay Traveling Scholarship was about to be awarded, after the searching examination prescribed by the statutes should have been undergone, and although a dozen recently fledged medicos had entered their names as candidates the consensus of opinion of the general body of the students, seldom at fault in such instances, had decided that the running lay practically between two men, the most distinguished students of their year.

"It will be a close run," said one, who had entered his own name, "by way of form," as he expressed it, "but I think Macintyre will prove the man after all."

"A year ago I should have said so too," replied another, "but he has not been so steady this session, and Morrison has a better chance now."

"Well, he's a lucky man whoever gets it. Two hundred and fifty a year for four years, a good time of it at Naples, Vienna and Berlin, and probably a professorship when he comes back. I wish it were mine."

"You shut up, Sime," broke in another with more directness of speech than elegance of expression. "With ten years more of hard work you might think of it, but here's Macintyre himself coming."

The subject of their remarks passed the little group, each of which proceeded to rally him on his work, on his chance of success, or on his appearance, as impulse prompted. He took it all in genial fashion, though by no means so buoyant at heart as his manner indicated, for of late there had been gnawing as if at his vitals the dread that, after all, Morrison, his only possible rival, might oust him from the treasured prize already all but within his grasp. Of the other competitors he made no account. He was pressed, too, in money matters, a pressure due in some degree to his falling of late into habits too convivial to be discreet, considering his position and aims, and this pressure success in the examination would effectually relieve him from. But failure meant ruin.

"I was first in all the professional subjects," he would say to himself, in estimating his coming chances, "first—that is to say, till this session, when that fellow Morrison began to creep up upon me with his everlasting 'stewing.'

"And, then, I've half forgotten my Latin. They tell me he'll floor me in that. I wonder what possesses some of those old fogies on the continent to lecture still in a dead language. But for that there would be no examination on it, and I should be safe to win, I believe."

And in a moment an idea struck him, which if carried out to full fruition would, he felt certain, insure his success. Only the evening before he had learned, in the casual course of conversation, where it was and by whom the papers for the forthcoming examination were being printed. At first he recoiled from the thought, only to have the temptation again assail him and to find him less prepared to resist it.

"Hang it all, I'll do it. All's fair in love and war, and this is both. I'll ask Katie to get for me a copy of the paper."

The previous winter he had met at a ball the daughter of a member of the firm to which was intrusted all the printing done for the university, from ponderous tomes of classical or philosophic lore down to the ephemeral class list of the first year's students. A mutual attachment had sprung up between Macintyre and the young girl, and but for his of late somewhat unsettled habits her friends would have regarded the intimacy with favoring sympathy. Katie Wilson herself, though not blind to her lover's failings, had given him all the love of her ardent, generous nature and refused to see any ground of distrust in a future allied with that of the young doctor. It was when the two had been discussing his prospects on his quitting the university that he mentioned his hopes of the scholarship.

"My father was talking about scholarship papers only the other day. I overheard him as I was passing the drawing room door say something to Mr. Hutton, the registrar, about them."

"Your father? I didn't know that he took any part in the business of the firm. I understood he had retired years ago."

"Yes; so he did, but there are still some of the papers that he prints himself. What they are I don't know. I suppose they are too precious for the men to have in their hands. He has done them himself ever since I can remember."

And then the subject was dismissed for themes more attractive than examination work. But the words thus lightly dropped had left their impress on the young man's mind, and on their next meeting he returned to the subject. If his suspicions were correct, what papers would Wilson be so likely to retain the printing of as those of the various scholarship examinations? And if so certainly of this the most important of all—the blue ribbon of the university.

"Couldn't you find out," he asked, "what the papers are your father takes the trouble to print himself?"

"Impossible. He does them in his library, where he has a small printing press, but all the sheets are kept locked up in his safe."

Tentatively, gradually, but none the less surely, Macintyre worked toward his object, and if it ever crossed the mind of the innocent girl that she was being made an intermediary in a very treacherous action it was only a moment ere the suspicion was dispelled. It would have no actual bearing upon the result of the forthcoming examination, he was careful to explain. He was already sure of success, and they would get married and would go abroad together and be happy ever afterward, only —only, he would like to see the Latin paper, if but for an hour, that would be sufficient, and his own Katie could replace it in the safe, and it would do no one any harm, nor himself any good, but only to set his mind at rest. And Katie consented and said she would try to do what her lover had set his heart on.

At times she thought of taking her father into her confidence, in the hope that he might be disposed to further, for her sake, her lover's object. But on reflection she came to regard that as impossible. There were traditions of honor in the "firm," inseparable from their long connection with the university, and these honorable traditions were crystallized in the breast of the old man and perhaps unconsciously dominated his daughter.

At all hazards she would be loyal to her promise, the more so as she felt convinced that her father would be loyal to his trust. One thing she managed to make sure of. A little innocent questioning—innocent in form as she could make it, and yet not sufficiently so to avoid exciting the old man's suspicions—satisfied her that the papers in the safe comprehended the one she sought, and that on the morrow they would be called for by the registrar, who would take them away in a sealed parcel. Today the task she had undertaken must be performed, or it would be too late.

It was an easy matter to possess herself of the keys she required. They were together on one ring, library and safe, the only keys of which she never had any control. But then they were lying on the table, while, with his red silk handkerchief thrown over his head, her father indulged in his after dinner nap, on this occasion, as luck would have it, a longer nap than usual. All was now plain sailing, if only he would continue to sleep a sufficiently long time. If not, why, she would confess all and implore his forgiveness. Had she but known that two wakeful eyes were, under cover of the red silk, intently watching her every movement!

She found the papers, eight or nine little bundles, each in its special envelope, with its appropriate title printed on the back. Yes; there was the one she sought, marked "Latin composition," but with a huge red seal intervening between her and its contents. The seal was her father's, and after being broken it was an easy matter to duplicate it. One impression is so like another when you can secure the same original for the second as has done duty for the first. One copy was all that her trembling fingers abstracted, and in another minute the envelope lay beside its fellows, bearing no outward evidence of having been tampered with.

It was dark ere she ventured out to meet her lover, with the precious guarantee of his success and of her devotion.

"You are sure it can do no one any harm?"

"Quite sure."

"And that no one will ever find it out?"

"Utterly impossible! I will make one or two small mistakes on purpose so as to avert suspicion, but I tell you there is not the slightest chance of anything of the kind."

When she returned home, she found her father had gone out. An hour later he returned, and dismissing his daughter for the night proceeded to lock himself in the library. Morning was breaking ere he made his way up stairs to his room, while Kate, whom his wearied footsteps awakened, wondered what had detained him so long. Still, with the unconscious and unreasoning selfishness of young love, a selfishness founded, however, on altruism, she felt supremely happy, for was not her lover delighted with her, and, what was even better, had he not told her so again and again only a few short hours before?

The first three days of the competition were big with fate to most of the competitors, the fate of being weighed in the balance and found wanting. Candidates are prone at such times to compare notes after each day's performance, and each one gets to know pretty well how the others are doing. "Macintyre and Morrison in the first flight, and the rest nowhere," was the general verdict. It was also felt that the Latin paper would be decisive, and those of Macintyre's friends who knew that the other was strong in this subject felt anxious as to the result. Not so with the object of their thoughts. He was surer of that than of anything else, as indeed he had good reason to be. Already he had the coveted prize in his grasp. He would not do the paper sine errore, he magnanimously, or perhaps it was prudently, said to himself, but as near to that as might be. Forewarned in such contests is indeed forearmed.

The men were already in their places, and the papers being given out, when he entered the examination room on the final morning. His paper was handed to him, the last comer of all that eager throng. He scarcely deigned to look at it, for were not it contents already known to him, and had he not its equivalent in Latin off by heart, to make assurance doubly sure? At last he looked at it, as one would cast his eye over a landscape every feature of which is familiar.

His eyes seemed to become glazed and scarce could they see the words before them. And then a sickening feeling at heart told him how fatal was his error. The paper was entirely different from the one he had so sedulously prepared. The shock unnerved him, and though he at length essayed the task that lay before him, he knew too well it was but labor in vain. And yet—and yet, without all this fruitless scheming, he felt that he might have succeeded after all.

The scholarship was awarded to Morrison. And thus Macintyre lost the prize, and Katie a lover whom perhaps she was better without. Her father had found out what she had done, and after a conference with the examiners had, on the pretext that the paper had been mislaid, secured the substitution of another piece, which he staid up all night to print, with the results already recorded.—Tit-Bits.

Floating Islands of Olden Times.

Pliny ("Natural History," book 2, chapter 96) says: "There are certain islands which are always floating, as in the territory of Cæcubum, and of Reate, Mutina and Statonia. In the lake of Vidimonis there is a dark wooded island which is never seen in the same place for a day and night together. In Lydia the islands named Calaminae are not only driven from place to place by the wind, but may be pushed from place to place by poles. Many citizens saved themselves by this means in the time of the Mithridatic war. There are some small islands in the Nymphaeus, called The Dancers, because when choruses are sung they are moved by the motion of those who keep time."

Similar stories are told by the same writer concerning the Egyptian floating island of Chemmis, and the island of Delos, one of the Cyclades. The island last mentioned was the only one of the group named which escaped disaster in the time of the great earthquakes of the year 320 B. C., and Pliny, from whom most of the above facts have been gleaned, was first to point out the fact that the immunity Delos enjoyed was owing to the fact that its base had no ground connections. Pliny says, "Not a tremor was felt in Delos on that awful day when the other islands were rent asunder."

A Quickly Infectious Yawn.

One sees many things on the elevated railroad cars that are amusing and sad. An entertaining incident came under the writer's notice a few days ago. His neighbors were evidently well to do brokers, and one bet the other a level $5 that he would have half the car yawning in five minutes. The bet was taken The better yawned his best, stretched out his arms, disarranging the glasses from the nose of his opponent, and then fell back wearily into his seat. Almost the next to yawn was the man who had taken up the bet, and those in the opposite seats took up the chorus. Men and women in the cross seats threw the yawn back at one another, and save for a baby in arms every one had yawned in less than one-fifth of the time stipulated. The two men got off at Fifty-eighth street and Sixth avenue, laughing heartily at the experiment. They were seen later entering the cafe entrance of the Plaza hotel.—New York Tribune.

Strength of Men and Insects.

A noted entomologist who had been writing on the wonderful feats of strength as exhibited in the beetle family tells the following: "I selected a common black water beetle weighing 4.2 grains and found that he was able to carry a load of shot in a small bag, the whole weighing 8 1-4 ounces, or 858 times the weight of the bug. If a man weighing 150 pounds could carry as much accordingly, he could shoulder a 45 ton locomotive and then chain a train of cars together and take the whole lot across the country at a five mile an hour gait."—St. Louis Republic.

Plate Glass.

The credit of the invention of casting plates of glass belongs to a Frenchman, who discovered the method about 1665, and the mode then adopted exists at the present day with but slight variations. France monopolized the manufacture over 100 years before it was introduced into any other country.—Boston Herald.

She Knows Her Business.

Lady Customer—Gracious! Why do you make me such a plain bonnet?

Milliner—Entirely for the contrast, miss.—Detroit Free Press.

Normandy was thus named because it was conquered and inhabited by the Norsemen, or Normans.

The Thames Swans.

Those who have watched the Thames swans in the courting season will have noticed that, as might be expected, these grave and stately birds have certain rules for behavior which no temptation can make them break. When approaching a lady swan or pursuing a rival which has intruded into its particular reach of the river, the cock swan has certain set movements which it goes through. It is said that the word of command for action in the Chinese drill is first, "Prepare to look fierce;" next, "Look fierce," and thirdly, "Approach the enemy." The swan does all this and something more. He sets up his wings like plumes and draws his head very far back, which corresponds with the first and second words of command, but for his mode of approach he always uses a special stroke in swimming which is kept for grand occasions.

He strikes the water with both feet together, which sends him forward with a rush, the water rippling from his chest as from the prow of a ship. Then he strikes again as his "way" gets less, and in this manner will swim very long distances, either in pursuit of his enemy or of some coy female swan. If he chose to swim in the ordinary manner or to fly or even to get out on to the bank and run, he would have no difficulty in overtaking the other. But etiquette prescribes that this slow and stately stroke shall be used on such occasions, and swans are too conservative to break the rule.—London Spectator.

Other Planets Than Ours.

A very interesting contribution to scientific thought is made by Sir Robert Ball in The Fortnightly Review, his argument being that since the days of Whewell and Brewster the theory of the other planets being inhabited has been strengthened by fresh discoveries. Thus spectroscopic research has demonstrated that hydrogen, carbon, sodium, iron, calcium and other elements necessary for building up the framework of living beings are widely diffused throughout the universe, and though there is not the same emphatic demonstration of the existence of oxygen, because it has been held that the well marked lines in the solar spectrum attributed to oxygen are really due to the oxygen in the earth's atmosphere, in all probability this life giving gas is just as abundant on many other globes as on this one. There have also, however, been discoveries tending to limit the contention in regard to life on other planets—the varying size, gravity and temperature of the planets have of course to be considered, and the weight of a planet must obviously stand in important relation to the framework of the organisms adapted to dwell upon it. According to Sir Robert Ball, the character of each organism has to be fitted so exactly to its environment that it seems in the highest degree unlikely that any organism known of here could live on any other globe elsewhere.

Paul Jones' Naval Prescience.

It is wonderful to note the prescience of Paul Jones in the light of another century. This Revolutionary captain foresaw the use of torpedoes and experimented boldly with very primitive ones. He understood as fully as a great contemporary writer the "influence of sea power upon history" and wrote a century and a quarter ago, "In time of peace it is necessary to prepare and to be always prepared for war by sea." He advocated the establishment of a naval academy and a supplementary course for officers closely resembling the naval war college and advocated the constant study and practice of fleet evolutions. This was in the days when Britannia ruled the waves with a vengeance, but without "tactic." In his admiration for this fascinating part of his profession Paul Jones certainly underrated the British, but when he came to fight them he showed them in his preparations every mark of respect.—"Paul Jones," by Molly Elliot Seawell, in Century.

His Choice.

"I'm glad Billy had the sense to marry a settled old maid," said Grandma Wickfield at the wedding. "Gals is hity-tity, and widders is sort of overrulin and upsettin. But somehow old maids is sort o' thankful and willin to please." And the old lady rocked away comfortably, with the consciousness of having said a good thing, but the look on the face of Billy's new made wife as she fixed the old lady with glittering eye was suggestive of anything but meekness.—Albany Journal.

Puzzling.

Chollie—Aw, me boy, weally thinking?

Chappie—Yaas. I was twying to figuah out which style of girl I liked best—the girl who is artlessly artful or the girl who is artfully artless.

Then Chappie, after this remarkable ebullition of thought, treated himself to a real sour lemonade.—Cincinnati Tribune.

Telegraphic Mistakes.

The telegraph has indulged in many witticisms at the expense of the members of both houses of parliament. It has transformed a classical allusion to "Cato and Brutus" into "cats and brutes;" the celebrated phrase used by the late Mr. W. E. Forster in a speech on his Irish policy, "mauvais sujets and village ruffians" into "wandering savages and village ruffians;" tried in the balance and found wanting" into "tried in the balance and found panting;" "the cow was cut into halves" into "the cow was cut into calves," and "the militia is a great constitutional force" into "the militia is a great constitutional farce."—Macmillan's Magazine.

What Noah Did.

The story is told of a congressman that he once declared in an address to the house, "As Daniel Webster says in his great dictionary."

"It was Noah who wrote the dictionary," whispered a colleague who sat at the next desk.

"Noah nothing," replied the speaker. "Noah built the ark."

Turmeric is extracted from a plant which is native in many parts of the east and grows particularly well in India, Cochin China, Siam, Ceylon and the Philippine islands.

A WOMAN.

A woman has many pleasures and much to be thankful for; but, alas! she also has many pains.

A woman may not be the slave of man, but where her affections are concerned she is devoted to him, and often overtaxes herself thereby.

A woman will often, without knowing it, commit slow suicide for her children. She will think, toil and shorten her life in their behalf. Too often they do not appreciate it.

A woman should not allow her color to fade, her cheeks to become sallow, her strength to be lost. She is designed for attractivenes and happiness.

A woman need not allow any of these things to happen if she will only obey the laws of health and use the best means at her command for preserving it.

A woman needs a friend upon whom she can rely, and there is no friend which so surely aids her when she is in need of aid as that great remedy, Warner's Safe Cure.

A woman who has never learned this great truth or who has failed to avail herself of it, has lost a fine opportunity and is doubtless less strong and attractive to-day than she deserves to be and might be.

A woman who follows the best hints that can be given her, and who takes advantage of the latest discoveries of science for helping her is certain to live longer, appear more attractive, suffer less and enjoy more happiness than one who neglects her opportunities.

A Remarkable Pulpit.

The Mechlin cathedral pulpit is regarded as the second finest in the world, the finest having been done by the same artist for the cathedral in Brussels. The writer, who has seen both, while admitting points of superiority in that of Brussels, prefers this, which is in the cathedral at Mechlin. It is made of oak, and the figures of Christ and of the women are life size. The sounding board is formed by oak leaves twined with those of a grapevine. The stem of the latter rises naturally from the ground at the entrance to the pulpit, which is apparently hewn out of a rock. The preacher stands under the shadow of the leaves, the cross at his right hand. Below him and in front of the pulpit, forming a part of the base, is a horse which has thrown its rider. It looks as though some impious horseman had approached Calvary heedlessly and been hurled to destruction over a precipice. The explanation of the design is not given by the guide at the cathedral nor in any book, so visitors and regular worshipers are at liberty to interpret it to please themselves.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Onions For Smallpox.

"I don't know of a better article of diet during an epidemic of smallpox than raw onions," said Dr. Barbour of the City hospital yesterday. "A liberal use of them is the best thing I know of to prevent contracting the disease outside of vaccination. The action of an onion in the presence of smallpox is peculiar. If you put an onion in a room infested with any manner of disease other than smallpox, the onion will thrive. But put an onion in a smallpox ridden room, and it will wither and die so rapidly that you are almost able to see it. This shows how the onion absorbs the poison of the disease and manifests what a power it is as a disinfectant."—Exchange.

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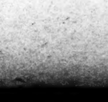
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DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND 7
A M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
8 30	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	6 20
10 34	Lv.. Jacksonville Lv	4 25
11 07	Lv.. Maysville Lv	3 51
11 22	Lv.. Pollocksville Lv	3 36
12 0[illegible]	Ar.. Newbern Lv	3 00
P M		P M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Marine's daily except Sunday, at 6.30 a m; arrive Jacksonville at 9 30 a m; returning leave Jacksonville 3.00 p m, arriving Marine's 6 p m.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manage

J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager.
sep 1 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT OCT. 6, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.50 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.48 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 8.30 P M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.24 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkin 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.55 a m, Jacksonville 7.55 a m, St. Augustine 10.15 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadeldhia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.08 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.55 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6 20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.59 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.20 a m, Sanford 1.00 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7 35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 10; am returning leaves Tarboro 4 30 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 55 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C. 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 11 15 a m and 4 00 p m. Lucknow 12 45 p m, and 5 00 p m; returning leave Lucknow 9 00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 10 30 a m and 3 30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 8 05 p m. returning leave Chio 6 10 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.30 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.35 p m, arrive Darlington 8.05 a m, 8.55 a m, 8.00 p m, Hartsville 8.50 p m, Bennettsville 2 50 p m, Gibson 5 10 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Gibson 9 40 a m, Bennettsville 11 10 a m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m. 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.03 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.28 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †2 05 a m, arrives Sumter †5 20 a m. Leave Sumter †10 a m, arrives Pregnalls †5 40 p m. Leaves Sumter 4 19 a m, arrives Denmark 6 11 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4 17 p m, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m, Leaves Pregnalls †8 50 a m, arrives Sumter †3 30 p m, Leaves Sumter †9 50 p m, arrives Darlington †12 25 p m.

†Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON,
Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

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Wilmington Seacoast Railroad

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.



ON AND AFTER OCT. 10TH, THE TRAINS on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will run as follows:

Trains leave Princess street Station at 2.30 and 6.00 p. m.

Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 5 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 2.30 and 6 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 10 a m and 5.00 p. m.

OSCAR GRANT,
Acting Superintendent.

oct 6 tf

TheTimes

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspapers published in Pennsalvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES—Aims to have the largest circulation by deserving itt and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropoliton newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

TERMS—DAILY, $3.00 per annum, $1.00 for four months; 30 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages, 168 columns, elegantly illustrated, $2.00 per annum, 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $5.00 per annum, 50 cents per month. Weekly edition, 50 cents per annum.

Address all letters to THE TIMES.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT JUNE 23, 1895

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
5 55 p. m	Ar... Wilmington ...Lve	9 05 a. m
2 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar	12 15 p m
2 15 "	Ar... Fayetteville ...Lv	12 45
	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	
12 50 "	Lv.... Sanford Lv	2 16 "
10 50 a m	Lv.... Climax Lv	4 19 p. m
10 29 "	Lv.... Greensboro.... Ar	4 50 "
10 11 "	Ar.... Greensboro.... Lv	5 00 "
9 28 "	Lv.... Stokesdale.... Lv	5 55 "
8 59 a m	Lv... Walnut Cove... Ar	6 25 "
8 55 "	Ar.. Walnut Cove... Lv	6 30 "
8 29 "	Lv.... Rural Hall.. Lv	6 58 "
7 05 "	Lv..... Mt Airy..... Ar	8 25 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar... Bennettsville... Lv	8 15 a. m.
6 12 "	Ar...... Maxton... Lv	9 2[illegible] "
5 40 "	Lv... Red Springs... Lv	9 55 "
4 54 "	Lv... Hope Mills... Lv	10 35 "
4 25 "	Lv... Fayetteville... Ar	10 55

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
6 00 p m	Ar..... Ramseur Lv	6 50 a m
4 20 "	Lv..... Climax Lv	7 35 "
3 00 "	Lv..... Greensboro....Ar	8 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 1[illegible] MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 15 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50 "
Arrive Madison	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 30 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 35 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 40

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest, at Wilmington with the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad for Wrightsville and Ocean View.

Trains No. 1 and 2 dinner at Fayetteville.

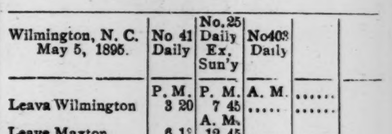
W. E. KYLE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY,
Gen'l Manager.

my 18 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No. 25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No 403 Daily	
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	......
Leava Wilmington	3 20	7 45	......	......
		A. M.		
Leave Maxton	6 1[illegible]	12 45		......
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......	......
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54	......
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 08	......
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	8 49	......
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 55	......
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 43	......
Leave Charlotte			10 43	......
Leave Lincolnton			12 05	......
			P. M.	.....
Leave Shelby			1 50	......
Arr Rutherfordton			2 30	......

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No 402 Daily
	A. M.	P M.	P. M.
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20
Leaxe Charlotte	5 20	8 50	8 20
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 10
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 43	9 54
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30	
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30	
	P. M.		
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05	

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.26 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5.20 a m	4 09 p m
Leave Atlanta	8.45 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway. at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

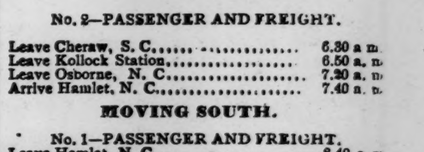
For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President.

JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mrg. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.



To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6.30 a m
Leave Kollock Station	6.50 a. m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	7.20 a. m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	7.40 a. m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S. C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

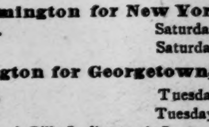
sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C.

AND

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA,	Saturday, Oct. 12
CROATAN,	Saturday, Oct. 19

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN.	Saturday, Oct. 12
ONEIDA,	Saturday, Oct. 19

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN,	Tuesday, Oct. 8
ONEIDA,	Tuesday, Oct. 15

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y.
oct 6 tf

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

feb 4 1y

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading —Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin Cracks.	
Corns,		

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 9, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—The *Sun* says: Cotton rose four to six points, reacted and declined one to three points, rallied and advanced two to three points, then lost this and closing barely steady, with sales of 166,600 bales. The final prices were one to two points lower than yesterday's closing quotations. Liverpool declined 1-32d on the spot, with sales of 10,000 bales. Futures declined one point, recovered this and advanced one point, lost this and closed quiet and steady at yesterday's last quotation. Spot cotton in New York was dull and unchanged. Wilmington declined ⅛c. The port receipts were 51,900 bales, against 34,873 this day last week and 72,252 last year; thus far this week 149,339, against 117,307 thus far last week. At Manchester cloths were quiet; yarns in buyers' favor. The New Orleans receipts to-morrow are estimated at 14,000 to 16,000, against 6,438 last Wednesday, 10,702 on the same day last year and 6,165 in 1893. New Orleans advanced five points, lost this and advanced two to three points. The receipts at the ports this season up to last night aggregate 611,880 bales, against 747,405 bales in the same time last year; exports up to last night 187,396 bales, against 343,386 in the same time last year.

To-day's features: It was a moderate speculation with moderate fluctuations. General rains were reported at the South and cooler weather was predicted in most sections, with light frosts in Alabama, Mississippi and Tennessee. The general expectation is, moreover, that the bureau report will be bullish. New Orleans sent supporting orders, and there was more or less local buying for both sides of the account. On the other hand, the receipts were heavy, Liverpool closed weaker, there were rumors of political complications in Europe, and the final prices here were slightly lower. In the main, however, it is a waiting market. Neither bulls nor bears are disposed to take the aggressive at the moment.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat, Corn and Oats Closed Higher—Pork and Lard Lower—Ribs Unchanged

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, October 8.—The wheat market was treated to quite a great deal of strength to-day, and prices at one time during the session were 1⅛c above the close of yesterday, but not all of the recovery was maintained. The action of Liverpool and Paris in advancing regardless of American losses of yesterday as reported in the early cables, stiffened up the curb and the strength was carried into the regular market. Later in the session, when it was heard that securities in London were declining owing to political complications over the Turkish-Armenian troubles, prices shot up another cent without a pause. The market settled into a quiet state subsequently, and a portion of the advance was dropped. December wheat opened from 59⅛c to 59⅜c, advanced to 60⅛c, declined to and closed at 59⅝@59⅞c—⅜c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was 1c per bushel higher.

Corn was still incapable of attracting interest or attention. May corn opened at 28⅞@29c; advanced to 29@29⅛c, closing at 29c—⅛c higher than yesterday. Cash corn was steady to firm, with very little, if any, change in prices.

Oats—Prices held firm because of the feeling in other markets. May oats closed ⅛@¼c higher than yesterday. Cash oats were firm at unchanged prices.

Provisions—The hog market was unchanged. January pork and lard closed a shade lower and January ribs unchanged.

THE RAILWAY UNION.

President Debs' Circular on Secret Organization.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., Oct. 8.—President Debs, of the American Railway Union, has issued a circular to the local Unions in regard to the work of secret organization, which has been found necessary in many localities because of the disfavor in which the Union is held by railway officials. The circular explains the methods to be pursued in this work, and concludes as follows:

"I am especially pleased to inform our Union that the order is spreading rapidly through all of the Eastern States. Next year, in all probability, a special convention will be held, when such changes in the ordinance law and in the general policy of the order will be made as may be required to adapt the order to the ever-moving tide of events.

"Some of our enemies were foolish enough to believe when we were defeated last Summer and sent to jail, that the career of the American Railway Union was ended. As a matter of fact it has just begun."

BASE BALL.

The Temple Cup Goes to the Cleveland Team.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 8.—The Temple Cup goes to Cleveland and, as last year, the champions must be content with second place in the contest for the prize. Tebeau and his spider aggregation took to-day's game with something to spare. Neither side scored until the seventh inning, but, despite the goose eggs and cold weather, there was lots of enthusiasm because of numerous brilliant plays. From the opening of the seventh inning until the teams had left the grounds there was excitement in plenty and to spare.

The crowd left the grounds in bad humor, hundreds of them lining up about the players' club house, awaiting the appearance of the Cleveland team. The police were, however, prepared for any outbreak that might occur, and quickly drove the mob back until a passage-way had been made for the Forest City men. As they filed into their stage a platoon of mounted police surrounded it and opened an avenue for the 'bus to drive through. Several policemen rode in the vehicle while others were on top. The very formidable array of blue coats deterred the crowd from making any hostile demonstrations, and the team reached its hotel without molestation. The chilly weather had a bad effect on the attendance, which was a little less than 5,000.

Score—Baltimore 2; Cleveland 5.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 8.—Spirits turpentine dull but steady at 28@28½c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 47½@1 52½.

CHARLESTON, October 8.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c; receipts 32 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 20 @1 25; receipts 131 barrels.

SAVANNAH, October 8.—Spirits turpentine opened steady at 25⅜c and closed firm and unchanged, with sales of 1,500 casks; receipts 1,192 casks. Rosin was firm and unchanged at the opening; closed quiet with sales of 2,000 barrels.

ATLANTA'S EXPOSITION.

A CORDIAL GREETING TO THE LIBERTY BELL.

National Council of Women in Session—Several Papers Read—The Chinese Village Pulled.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 8.—The Exposition city to-day gave the Liberty Bell the most cordial greeting that the historic mass of iron has ever received; it was literally an outpouring of the people, such as has never been witnessed in this town, and it would be impossible to conceive a more notable exhibition of patriotism. For fully two miles the bell train passed through solid walls of cheering people. They stood massed on tops of freight cars, on the bridges that span the railroad, on roof tops, and in fact, on every place that afforded a foothold. The Atlanta Light Artillery fired a Presidential salute, and the first shot was the sign for every steam whistle in the city to shriek out its discordant welcome. The scene in and around the station beggars description. The crowd seemed wild with enthusiasm and from every window of every factory, store and dwelling there were waving flags and handkerchiefs.

At the city limits Mayor Porter King and a big committee met the escort party but there was no formal reception until the visitors reached the Kimball House, where they are comfortably quartered. There Mayor King said a few words of welcome, which were supplemented by ex-Mayor Hemphill and briefly responded to by Mayor Warwick, of Philadelphia.

The bell stood for a time in the railroad station, but later was taken to the shops where it will remain under guard until to-morrow morning. To-morrow's plans are for a most elaborate parade and a formal reception.

The National Council of Women got fairly down to business to-day. Mrs. Mary Lowe Dickinson presided. Papers were read by Mrs. Kate Brownlee Sherwood, of Canton, on Patriotic Instruction, and by Mrs. E. S. Taylor, of Utah, on the Young Ladies' National Improvement Association of Utah. A paper was read from Mrs. Lillian M. Hollister, Supreme Commander of the Ladies of the Maccables, and another on the Education of the Future, by Prof. Helen L. Webster, was read in her absence by Miss Charlotte Dailey, of Rhode Island.

Professor J. B. Hunnycutt, of the Georgia University, was to-day elected president of the Southern Irrigation Congress. Many interesting papers were read. H. H. Gardner, of Tennessee, was elected vice president.

Two Atlanta laundryman had the Chinese village pulled to-day. They charged that Leon Lam and Kee Ow Yang, the concessionaries, had imported thirty Chinese girls for immoral purposes, and swore that the girls were to be sold into virtual slavery here. Rich Chinamen pay about $1,000 for a good-looking girl, it is said. There are thirty women in the Chinese village on the Midway. To make a test case, only nine were taken down to the custom house and arraigned before Judge Newman of the District Court. A hearing on the writs of *habeas corpus* will occur next Saturday.

Leon Lam, whose face has become familiar to the visitors of the Midway by his towering and robust form and good-natured countenance, laughed at the idea of the charges contained in the petition. "I wish," he said, in very good English, "that you would come and see how far the the girls are kept in slavery. They are free. It has been stated by the same persons that the girls were brought here for immoral purposes. This is not true. They have been here four weeks and nothing but good behavior has taken place, as everybody can testify. I want it settled. We will have no trouble in the court."

A half dozen Chinese beauties came out and certainly they seemed little depressed by their serfdom. They were all chattering and laughing and looked very chipper.

GEN. WM. MAHONE

Died Yesterday in Washington—Funeral To-day in Petersburg, Va.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Wm. Mahone died at Chamberlain's Hotel at 1 o'clock this afternoon, from the effects of a paralytic stroke sustained Monday, September 30th. He had been totally unconscious for more than forty-eight hours previous to death, and passed away without pain. Mrs. Mahone, Butler and Wm. Mahone, Jr., his sons; Mrs. O. M. McGill, his daughter; L. L. Maury, of Southampton county, Va., a nephew, and Capt. Rogers, Secretary of the Virginia State Republican Committee and former Secretary to Gen. Mahone, were at the bedside when the end came. Arrangements for the funeral were made soon after the General died. The remains will be taken to Petersburg, Va., by the train leaving Washington at 4.30 o'clock to-morrow morning. Services will be held at 5 o'clock to-morrow evening at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Petersburg, and the body will then be taken to the place of interment. The honorary pall-bearers will be officers of "Mahone's Brigade," and the body-bearers will be soldiers who served in that organization.

NORFOLK, VA., October 8.—The news of Gen. Mahone's death was received here with general regret. The *Virginian* immediately on receipt of the intelligence, hoisted its flag at half-mast, and Pickett-Buchanan Camp Confederate Veterans, through its commander, Walter A. Edwards, telegraphed Mrs. Mahone its expression of condolence. Numbers of the veterans of Mahone's brigade from this section will attend the funeral at Petersburg to-morrow.

MURDERERS ARRESTED.

They Killed One Man and Seriously Wounded Another.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CAPE CHARLES, VA., October 8.—The four men of Cobb's Island who shot Benjamin Hudson dead and seriously wounded his brother William yesterday, were lodged in jail at Eastville last night and refused bail. Only one of the four, Wm. Bloxom, was employed by the life-station; the others are Percy Bloxom, Frank Shield and John Zimbar, who live on the island. M. J. Hudson, father of the Hudson brothers, arrived here this morning, and took immediate steps to prosecute the islanders. He has employed able counsel. The remains of Benj. Hudson will be buried in the Cape Charles cemetery to-morrow. William Hudson is still at Bayview, in a critical condition.

A STOCKMAN KILLED.

Charged With Raiding His Neighbors' Herds.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., October 8.—A special to the *Times-Union* from Brooksville, Fla., says: Last Friday Henry Smith, a stockman who lives near here, went to the prairie to feed his hogs. Saturday morning Smith's horse returned riderless. Search was instituted and to-day Smith's corpse was found in a dense hammock about eight miles from here. His head had been shot off and the body riddled. Smith had had trouble with neighbors about cattle. It was charged that he raided his neighbors' herds. This as supposed to have been the cause of his assassination.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

THE SITUATION AT CONSTANTINOPLE UNCHANGED.

Socialist Congress in Germany—Riot in Westphalia—German Cabinet Meeting—A Bankrupt Landlord—Serious Rioting in Barcelona—Reinforcements For the Spanish Army in Cuba—Rumors of Conflicts Between Turks and Armenians.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BRESLAU, Oct. 8.—At to-day's session of the Socialist Congress Herr Autrick, of Berlin, moved the election of the expelled delegate, Herr Ruedt, be formally invalidated. The motion was adopted.

Herr Wurm then made a report on the activity of the party in the Reichstag.

The chairman informed the Congress of the arrest of Dr. Ellenbergen, as an obnoxious foreigner, and also announced that an order had been issued for the expulsion of Frau Zetkin, a foreign woman's delegate. The Congress unanimously resolved to make an energetic demand in the Reichstag for an explanation of these proceedings on the part of the authorities. It was also resolved that the Socialist party agitate for the elimination from the new civil code of all provisions placing women on an equality with men and depriving unmarried mothers and their children of the rights accorded to married women.

Herr Thiele, deputy for Hulle, proposed that the party vindicate its right to share in the Presidency and other offices of the Reichstag. He declared that the numerical strength of the party entitled it to held some of these official positions.

MUENSTER, WESTPHALIA, Oct. 8.—A recent order of the authorities here that all public houses must be closed at 11 p. m. has resulted in numerous conflicts between citizens and the police. In a scrimmage last night a mob got the better of the police and the authorities had to order out mounted gendarmes to clear the streets. A number of persons were arrested.

BERLIN, October 8.—The first cabinet meeting since the beginning of the ministerial holidays was held to-day, Prince VonHohenloe presiding. It is understood that the ministers discussed the question of the introduction of an anti-Socialist measure, to apply to Prussia only.

LONDON, October 8.—Arthur Walsh, second Baron Ormanthwaite, has been declared a bankrupt. His liabilities are £200,876, the greater part of which is secured by obligations upon his estates. He attributes his failure to the general agricultural depression, together with the compulsory reduction of rents in Ireland, where he owns large tracts of land.

MADRID, October 8.—Serious rioting is reported among the students of the University of Barcelona. The bishop of that city recently declared heretical a text book by Professor Odon, of the Barcelona University, and the Government prohibited the use of the book. This resulted in a demonstration by the Liberal students within the University grounds, which was followed by a conflict between the Liberals and their Catholic comrades. The authorities of the University called in the police, who ejected from the grounds several of the more prominent of the disorderly students. Then the scene of the trouble was changed to the streets of the city. The Liberal students, reinforced by a crowd of Republican citizens, attacked the bishop's palace and smashed in the windows with stones. Fierce fights followed, in which many heads were broken. At last accounts order had been restored by the strenuous efforts of the police.

MADRID, October 8.—Steamers at Cadiz are being made ready for the transportation of reinforcements for the Spanish army in Cuba. All the fresh troops will be dispatched by November 15th. It is expected that a powerful squadron will be sent to reinforce the fleet in Cuban waters. Popular opinion is beginning to fear a change in the relations between Spain and the United States in consequence of the agitation in the latter country in favor of the Cuban insurgents.

ROME, Oct. 8.—The correspondent of the United Press learns that the Pope is strongly opposed to the proposed visit of the King of Portugal to Rome, and tried to dissuade the King from coming to the Italian capital. In vatican circles it is said that the Pope will refuse to receive King Carlos, who is expected to arrive on October 17th.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—The Marquis of Salisbury returned to London this evening from Dieppe. According to the *Central News*, the gravity of affairs at Constantinople hastened his return, as it was his intention to remain at Dieppe until October 12th.

FLOOD IN CUBA.

Railroad Bridges Destroyed and Other Damage Done—Government Donation for Sufferers.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, Oct. 8.—The Government has increased its donation of $5,000 to the sufferers by the floods in the Vuelta Abajo district to $25,000 in view of the extent of the suffering.

The Civil Governor of Pinar Del Rio reports that the tracks and bridges of the Western Railway are entirely destroyed, the devastation extending all the way from Artemisa to Pinar Del Rio. The flood has also carried away all the bath houaes and the iron bridge at San Diego Los Sanos.

The localities which have suffered most are Consolacion Del Sur, Palacios, Poso Real, San Diego, Candelaria, San Christobad and Vinales, in which wlaces an immense amount of property has been destroyed and many lives have been lost. The flood has carried away fourteen bridges on the Vinales and a large tract of country is submerged.

A dispatch from Madrid says that the Government has increased to $60,000 its fund for the relief of the sufferers by the inundation of the Vuelta Abajo district.

Further reports say that in the La Esperanza district all the railroad bridges have been destroyed.

A Norwegian steamer, the name of which is not known, has been wrecked on the reefs. The vessel was loaded with lumber.

The coasting schooner Jovan Lola has also been wrecked. Four members of the crew were drowned. The master was saved.

In the Rosario district, more than ninety houses have collapsed and all the palm trees in the district have been destroyed by the flood. Eighteen lives are known to have been lost. Four sailors who had been seen on the beach at San Cayetano, were drowned and two more are missing.

At Abbeyville, Ala., while William Saunders and a gang of laborers were repairing the bridge across Abbey creek, the false work gave way and the structure fell, killing John Alexander and David Williams and injuring Saunders.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

CORBETT-FITZSIMMONS.

WARRANTS FOR ARREST OF CORBETT'S MANAGERS.

The Efforts to Secure Indictment of the Principals for Violation of the Penal Code of Texas—Talk of an Injunction from the Federal Court—Bets Offered That the Fight Will Take Place in Dallas.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DALLAS, TEX., Oct. 8.—Papers are out for the arrest of William Brady, manager of James J. Corbett; Martin Julian, manager for Bob Fitzsimmons; W. K. Wheelock, secretary of the Florida Athletic Club, and presumably for Dan A. Stuart, Joe Vendig and others. The papers were issued from Austin, and arrived in Dallas this morning. Wheelock's papers were served on him to-day. None of the others have so far been served.

Where the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight will be pulled off is still a matter of conjecture. President Stuart says it will not be decided until Joe Vendig and others arrive. The Hot Springs proposition is under consideration, but the fight will go to the highest and most responsible bidders. It may be several days before it is finally decided.

Later, papers were served on W. A. Brady and Martin Julian. Brady, Julian and Wheelock gave bail to appear before the Travis county grand jury. It is understood they will leave for Austin to-morrow. Papers are here also for Vendig. They will be served by Sheriff Cabell when Vendig arrives. There are no papers yet for Stuart. The idea is said to be that everybody is to be used as witnesses against Stuart before the Travis county grand jury to indict him for conspiracy to compound a felony.

AUSTIN, TEX., Oct. 8.—The Supreme Court to-day heard arguments in the case where the tax collector of Williamson county seeks to make the comptroller issue a prize-fight license under the law passed by the regular session of the 24th Legislature. While the plaintiff admits that the law just made by the extra session declared prize-fighting a felony, he desires an opinion on the old law's validity, in case the new law is knocked out as is threatened. The State contends that the new law knocks the old law ont, but even if it did not, under the bill of that Legis ature he should have uo authority to license a fight between man and man.

SAN ANTONIO, October 8.—Sheriff John P. Campbell to-day received from the sheriff of Travis county attachments for Jim Daly, Billy Delany, Joe Corbett, John Donaldson and John McVey, all members of Corbett's training party, subpœning them to appear before the district court grand jury at Austin to-morrow, as witnesses. The attachments were served late last evening and all the witnesses left for Austin to-night. This new turn of affairs caused a sensation at the Corbett training quarters and much speculation was indulged in as to the object of the Austin court. The only ones not subpœnaed are Jim Corbett and Steve O'Donnell, and this fact makes it appear that the grand jury is seeking to bring an indictment against the champion and O'Donnell. When asked what he thought of the action of the Austin court, Corbett said:

"I cannot imagine what they want with my trainers as witnesses. We have certainly not violated any law. I regret that they must go to Austin, as it will set me back in my training. The only possible charge that the grand jury can bring against me is that I am a party to a conspiracy to bring off the fight with Fitzsimmons."

Continuing, Corbett said: "I received a telegram to-day from Brady, stating that the prospects were that the fight would take place at Hot Springs, Ark., or in New Mexico. I don't think it possible for the fight to be pulled off at any place in Arkansas, as Hot Springs is too near Chicago, and the Governor has stated that there can be no fight in that State."

It was learned to-night that the grand jury of the Travis county district court will seek to secure indictments against Corbett, Fitzsimmons and Stuart, on the authority of article 960, title 18, chapter 1 of the Texas Penal Code, which provides that a conspiracy entered into in this State for the purpose of committing any felony in any of the States or Territories of the United States or in any foreign territory, shall be punished in the same manner as if the conspiracy entered into was to commit the offence in this State.

In this State, the penalty for such conspiracy by the Texas criminal code is confinement in the penitentiory not less than two nor more than five years.

FORT WORTH, October 8.—As a means of evading the new prize fight law it is suggested by eminent attorneys that an injunction be obtained from Judge McCormick at Dallas, the Federal District Judge. The reason for this is that the contract for the fight was made in New York, when no penal statute against prize fight encounters existed in Texas, that many of the stockholders in the Florida Athletic Club are non-residents of Texas. Therefore, it is proposed that the process of the Federal Court be invoked; that the U. S. Constitution prohibits the passage of such a law as shall impair the obligation of a contract and also of an ex-post facto law; that the contract made by the club with Corbett and Fitzsimmons was legal when made, and the law enacted at the special session of the Legislature is null and void as to the pending contest. Bets were offered here to-day by Dallas people at odds of five to three that the fight would take place and at Dallas.

PRIZE FIGHTERS

Held Under Bond for a Grand Jury at Jersey City.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JERSEY CITY, October 8.—Police Justice Doyglass this morning rendered a decision in the case of Peter Reilly, of Long Island City; Frank Erne, of Buffalo; Casper Leon, of New York, and Sim Robinson, Charles Roden and Joe Craig, of this city, who were arrested on the night of July 15th, at the conclusion of the Hudson County Athletic Club's boxing show at Oakland rink and charged with prize fighting. The court decided that the bouts constituted prize fighting. The defendants were held in $500 bail each to await the action of the grand jury.

The weavers and spinners of the Ponemah mills of Taftville, Conn., struck in sympathy with the back boys who struck last week for the restoration of a ten per cent. cut in wages. Twelve hundred operatives are out.

The French forces in Madagascar captured Antananarivo, one capital, on September 27th. The Queen, with the members of her household and the Ministers of State, made their escape and fled to Ambosistra.

The written challenge from the Royal Victoria Yacht Club on behalf of Mr. C. D. Rose has been received by the New York Yacht Club. A special meeting to consider it has been called for next Monday, the 14th instant.

The committee of fifty of the New York Chamber of Commerce endorsed the ticket nominated by the Republicans Monday night.

That Joyful Feeling

With the exhilirating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well informed.

EPISCOPAL COUNCIL.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE HOUSE OF DEPUTIES.

Unfavorable Report on Proposed Amendment to the Constitution—Report on the Standard Book of Common Prayer.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., Oct. 8.—The cold weather effected a marked change in the attendance at the House of Deputies this morning and it was after 10 o'clock before the session opened. After the preliminary formalities the Committee on Changes in the Constitution submitted a report unfavorable to the proposed amendment, whereby it was proposed to substitute the word constitutions for that of constitution and asked to be discharged.

The report of the committee was adopted.

Mr. Elliott, of the same committee, submitted a report upon the resolution by Judge Fairbanks, the intent of which was to authorize any diocese to set aside a part of its territory as a mission. This report was also unfavorable.

Dr. Samuel Hart, custodian of the standard Book of Common Prayer, submitted through Dr. Huntingdon a long printed report relating to the new standard and calling attention to several typographical inaccuracies. Among other statements contained in the report was one to the effect that 1,100,000 copies of the book had been printed from the new standard.

A resolution adopted at the last General Convention and providing that the name assistant bishop be changed to bishop coadjutor wherever it occurs in the Prayer Book, was brought up for final action, and the same question is now before the House as a portion of the report of the Revision Committee placed on the calendar.

The first vote by dioceses of the present Convention was demanded upon the designation of the legislation sent down by the bishops. This ran as follows: "The constitution and canons for the government of that portion of the Catholic church known in law as the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States of America."

There was no debate, and the designation was adopted by a vote of 88 to 13.

No sooner had the result of the ballot been declared than some of the members took alarm and wanted the rest of the message postponed until a more convenient season. Dr. Huntingdon the New York orator and parliamentarian, said the House had done what was absolutely without precedent in passing an amendment to the constitution without discussion, and he hoped that such action would never be repeated.

DURRANT'S TRIAL.

The Defence Nearing the Close of Its Case.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 8.—The defence in the Durrant trial is nearing the close of its case. It will probably reach it this week. To-day it made one of its strongest points in the introduction as a witness of C. T. Lehanahan, the young man who says he visited Adolph Oppenheim's pawnshop, and who, it is claimed by the defence, was mistaken for Durrant by the pawnbroker. Lehanahan testified to-day that he had gone to the pawnshop and offered a band ring with a ship diamond similar to that worn by Blanche Lamont. He had a brief conversation with the pawnbroker similar to that said to have been had by Durrant. His ring was not accepted and he left the store, going in the same direction as that said to have been taken by Durrant. Lehanahan testified that his visit was on the afternoon of April 13th instead of on a morning between the fourth and tenth, as testified to by Oppenheim and he met the pawnbroker at the door, whereas in the other case Oppenheim was seated inside the store reading when the customer entered. Lehanahan was dressed as Durrant was said to have been when he visited the store.

Another point for the defence was made by R. N. Marshall, a reporter, who testified that on the day of the discovery of Miss Lamont's body, Detective Gibson, who found it, told him there were foot-prints of a No. 9 shoe on the top platform of the church tower. This Gibson has already denied on the stand.

Judge Murphy, who presides, is very cautious in making no ruling to jeopardize the case should it go to appeal and he to-day reversed himself on the question of permitting Dr. Cheney, whose lecture Durrant is alleged to have attended on the afternoon of the murder to express an opinion as to whether Durrant was at the lecture or not. Durrant's counsel asked this question earlier in the case, but an objection to it was sustained. When the lecturer was on the stand today the court made his offer to permit him to give his opinion, but the defence refused to avail itself of the opportunity on the ground that Dr. Cheney had practically testified that he believed Durrant to have been at the lecture when he said he thought the roll call was correct.

Leonard Everett testified as to the time consumed in going over the route traversed by Mrs. Crosett on the afternoon of April 3, when she said she saw Durrant riding on a car toward the Emanuel Church a short time before the murder in company with a young lady. His estimate of the time differed from that of Mrs. Crosett by about six minutes.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Republican city ticket of Indianapolis, Ind., was defeated by about 4,000 majority in the election held yesterday.

The Welsh tin plate workers have decided to make a formal request of the employers that they refuse to sell black plates for tinning in other countries.

Advices from Tamatave, Madagascar, state that the French troops bombarded the Hova position at Farafatra on October 3rd and captured it on October 4th.

John Ott, secretary of the Iron Belt Building and Loan Association and one of the best known business men of Roanoke, Va., died yesterday morning of paralysis.

At Willows, Cal., Editor W. A. Schorn last evening shot and killed J. E. Putnum, a member of a local firm of druggists, in a difficulty over the settlement of accounts.

The jury of award of the Cotton States and International Exposition, who were to have left Washington yesterday for Atlanta, have postponed the trip until October 15th.

Kirby Griner, postmaster at Dunnellon, Fla., has disappeared, and his accounts are said to be short. It is stated that Griner has organized an expedition and gone to Cuba to join the insurgents.

Farmers in Grant county, Ky., say that the tobacco crop will be almost worthless this year. It is estimated that the late cold snap destroyed fully 25 per cent. of the tobacco in that section.

A telegram from E. B. Kinsworthy, Attorney General of Arkansas, says: "Neither the laws, officers nor public sentiment will permit the Corbett Fitzsimmons fight to take place in this State."

Thousands of lottery tickets sent to agents at Detroit, Mich., by over half a score of lottery companies, have been seized by U. S. officers. The tickets were in the possession of the American Express Co.

In the Democratic primary election held in Richmond, Va., the proposition to amend the city charter so as to elect by popular vote the fire and police commissioners and certain officers now elected by the Council was defeated.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND

Declines the Proffer of a Military Escort to the Atlanta Exposition.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Oct. 8.—President Cleveland has declined the escort tendered him by the Second Company, Governor's Foot Guards, of this city on the occasion of his visit to the Atlanta Exposition about the middle of this month. The President in his letter, which bears date of October 6th, says: "I have already expressed my preference against an escort to the Exposition by a military company of Georgia, and I confess that I am desirous of having my journey to and from Atlanta as free from display as possible. I shall be accompanied by nearly, if not all the members of my Cabinet and perhaps their families and I expect we shall go and return by the Southern Railway, though I have not been formally notified as to that.

"Considering the situation, I think it will be better to abandon your project, though I assure you I am fully sensible of the kind consideration which prompts your offer and desire to return my thanks for the same."

At Ironwood, Mich., the timber-men and trammers of the Norris mine went on a strike for higher wages and the mines are closed. Only about 250 men are directly involved, but the miners are unable to work without them.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Wanted—Position as Clerk in wholesale or retail business by a young man of experience. References furnished. Address "B," care STAR, city. oct 9 1t*

Wanted—A first-class Carriage Smith. Also a Wood Workman and a Painter. Will pay fair wages. Apply to J. B. Harper, Timmonsville, S. C. oct 9 1t*

Lost—Small Pug Dog, answers to the name of Cupid. Either strayed or stolen from the residence of Jno. L. Boatwright, corner Fourth and Orange streets. Liberal reward for his return. oct 9 2t

$12 a day to agents selling the Royal White Metal Plater or taking orders for plating. Trade-secrets, formulas, receipts, etc., furnished free. A good agent can make two to three thousand dollars per year with the Royal Plater. For terms, etc., address Gray & Co., Plating Works, Columbus, Ohio. oct 8 tf

Photographs—The finest possible Photographs at low rates, $1.00 per dozen up. A fine line of Photo Frames from 15c up. U. C. Ellis, Photographer, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. oct 3 tf

Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Snuff, Cigars and Tobacco, all at the lowest prices. Consignments of Cotton and Country Produce of all kinds solicited. Neill McKinnon, No. 3 South Water street. c21

Bicycle for sale cheap on easy payments. For information call at C. E. Gordon's Store. sep 21 tf

Electrical Bicycle Bells applied to Bicycles by Howard & King, No. 101 Front and Market streets. sep 21 tf

Beer on draught and any drink known to American or French Saloonists. Free lunch from eleven a. m. until one o'clock and from five to seven o'clock p. m., at A. P. Levy's French Cafe, Princess street. sep 5 tf

Frank McNeill, Attorney at Law. Office in the Smith building up-stairs, Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. Will practice in this, Richmond, Robeson and adjoining counties. aug 29 tf

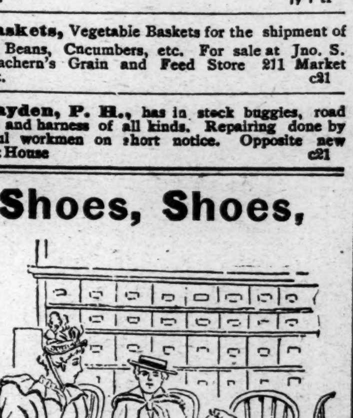
The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

Shoes, Shoes,



Oh, we have not only thought about that live energetic boy of yours, but we have provided for him. He will want shoes for school wear. We have the shoe—a regular wear-defying shoe—we can show you a complete line of Youth's and Boy's Lace and Button Shoes at $1.00, $1.25, $1 50 and $2.00. If you will examine our shoes you will be astonished at our Low Prices. If you are not interested in Boy Shoes, come in and see our shoes for dress, street, outing, all purposes, for all ages and pocketbooks. We will more than please you.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
oct 6 tf

House Warming

WEEK

—AT—

Katz & Polvgt's,

No. 9 North Front St.



Johnny: Mamma, are you going to Katz & Polvogt's to-day?

Mamma: To be sure, my boy, this is their house warming week.

Johnny: Please take me with you, mamma, they are going to have music.

EVERYBODY SHOULD CALL THIS WEEK AND SEE THE LATE ARRIVALS IN

Fall and Winter Goods.

MUSIC

From 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 3 to 6 p. m.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

LEADING

DryGoods

HOUSE,

WILMINGTON, N. C.
oct 6 tf

Foreclosure Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by Daniel Hall and wife, Amanda, to the Hanover Building and Loan Association duly registered on the records of New Hanover County in Book No. 14, pages 463 65, the undersigned will expose for sale to the highest bidder at Public Auction, for cash, on Saturday, the 12th day of October, 1895, at 12 o'clock M., at the front door of the Court House, of the county of New Hanover, in the city of Wilmington, the following described property, to-wit: Beginning in the northern line of Wooster street, 41 feet west of the western line of Third street, runs thence west with said line of Wooster street 41½ feet, thence north parallel with Third street 66 feet, thence east parallel with Wooster street 41½ feet, thence south parallel with Third street 66 feet to the beginning, being part of lot 6, block 60.

JOHN D. BELLAMY, Jr,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Sept. 21 1895.
sep 22 till oct 12

The Wilmington Steam Laundry,

CORNER FRONT AND ORANGE STREETS,

under the management of Mr. L. L. Dyckman, of New York, is now turning out good work. Our wagon is large, and so arranged that we can carry those big puff sleeves on the ladies' waists two at a time. We have a sewing machine for repairing, and a girl to mend the clothes.

We have ordered the latest machine for ironing white wing and turn down collars without cracking, and those that are cracked will come out with a perfectly smooth edge. This is something the public have complained of for some time, and we are now able to remedy the evil. Try the Wilmington Steam Laundry, Front and Orange streets.

J. T. HARPER, Prop'r
L. L. DYCKMAN, Manager, sept 22 tf

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Means just what it says. We can afford to do it. Our great manufacturing facilities, our wholesale business, the small expense of our retail department notwithstanding the large volume of business put us in position to sell at close margins.

THE PRICES TELL THE STORY.

$7.50 all Wool Black Clay Dress Suits, Sack and Cutaway.

$5 and $6 splendid Dress Business Suits, neat patterns, Plaids, Checks, etc. Impossible to retail Clothiers, under $10.

$7.50 every possible pattern, easily worth $10 to $12.

$10—Such Suits as you are accustomed to paying $15 for.

$12 and $15 the highest pinacle of the Tailor's art Foreign and Domestic Worsteds.

Black and Blue Cheviots $5, $6, $7.50, $10, $12.

BOYS' SUITS $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50.

Save the Retailer's Profit.

A. DAVID & Co.,

Front and Princess Streets.
sep 29 tf

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT Co.
FINE FAMILY GROCERIES.
Assortment and Quality Unsurpassed.
Prices Based on Small Profits.
PROMPT DELIVERY OF GOODS.
THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT CO.,
15 and 17 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C.
Telephone 14. oct 6 tf

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At Wilmington's Big Racket Store the Largest Stock of Carpets in the State. Our line of samples, 150 different styles, to select from. We have the measure taken of the room, and the carpet cut to fit and made for 5 cents a yard extra. Brussels at 48 and 65c; two ply, three-fourths wool, beautiful patterns, at 39c; better at 40, 50, 65 and 85c a yard. Marquets at 90, 99c, $1.20, $1.50 and $1.75. Hemp carpet at 12½, 15 and 18, and matting at 10, 12½, 15, 18, 20 and 23c a yard. Carpet paper at 3 and 4c a yard. Carpet tacks 12 papers for 10c and 1c each. Staple tacks 3 boxes for 5c. We have 25 Wilson Heaters. They are the very best heaters made. The small size at $4.50; the medium size at $6.00; the parlor size at $9.00. They are very economical in fuel. Will save enough on the cost of your wood bill in three months to pay for one of them. We will have our opening of fine Millinery on Thursday and Friday, October 10 and 11. We have the largest and best stock of fine pattern hats we have ever been able to show. We cordially invite all ladies that feel interested in the styles of the Fall and Winter head wear to visit us and look—give our stock of Fine Hats and Trimmings a look. Remember we carry Dress Goods, Shoes, Cloaks, Clothing, men's and boy's Hats, Guns, Pocket-knives, Lace Curtains, Window Shades, and many other things we have not room to mention.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store, at 112 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.
oct 6 tf

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